



Electron–Ion Collision Experiments in Storage Rings: Cross Section Data and Fundamental Understanding

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**Experimentalists' Network on Atomic and Molecular Data
IAEA Vienna
Nov 19 – 21, 2018**



Outline

Merged electron–ion beam experiments

Experimental facilities

**Plasma rate constants from high-resolution
recombination measurements:**
Atoms
Molecules
State-selected cold molecules



Merged-beams electron ion collisions

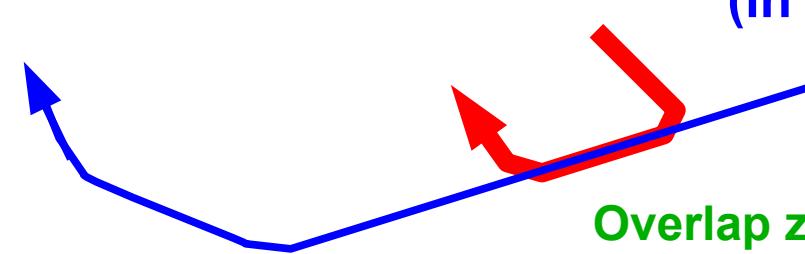
Velocity-matched electron beam

Collision energy: $E_d = \frac{1}{2} m_e (v_e - v_i)^2$

Wide scan range: ~ 1 meV ... keV

Ion beam
(in storage ring)

Overlap zone
Inelastic collisions



Merged-beams electron ion collisions

Velocity-matched electron beam

Collision energy: $E_d = \frac{1}{2} m_e (v_e - v_i)^2$

Products:

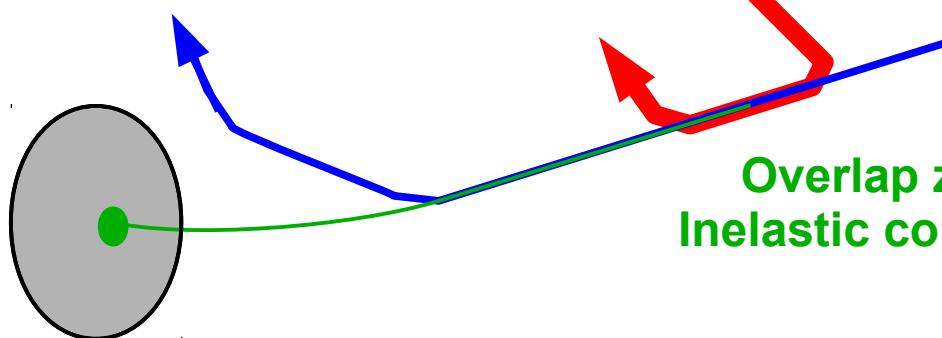
Charge changing reaction
(radiative, dielectronic
recombination)



Wide scan range: $\sim 1 \text{ meV} \dots \text{keV}$

Ion beam
(in storage ring)

Overlap zone
Inelastic collisions



Merged-beams electron ion collisions

Velocity-matched electron beam

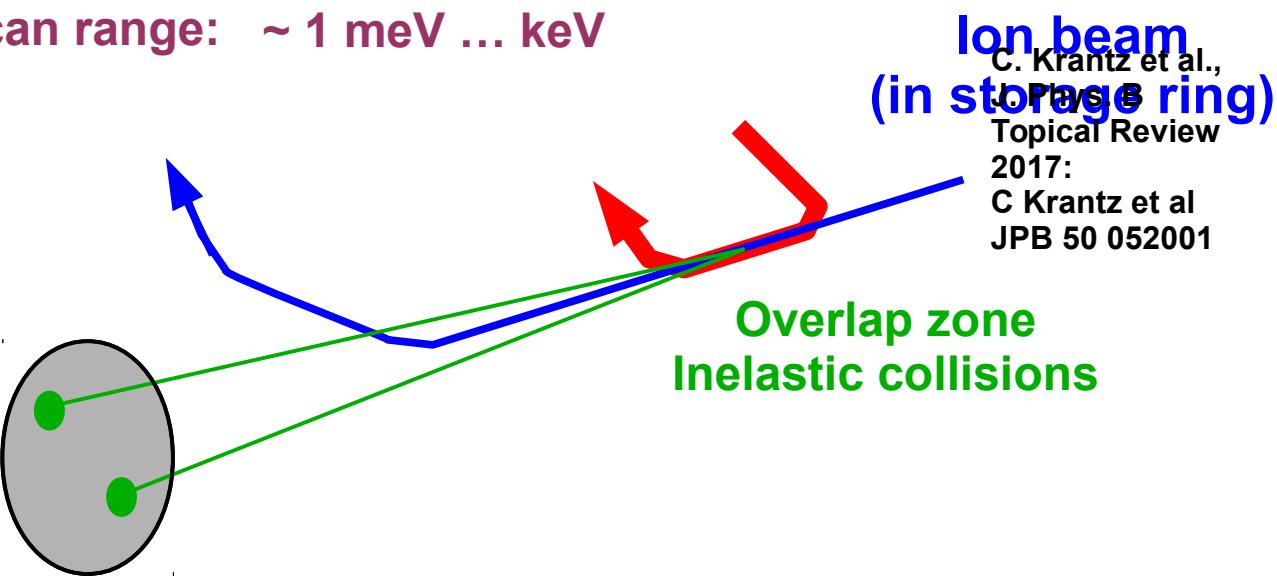
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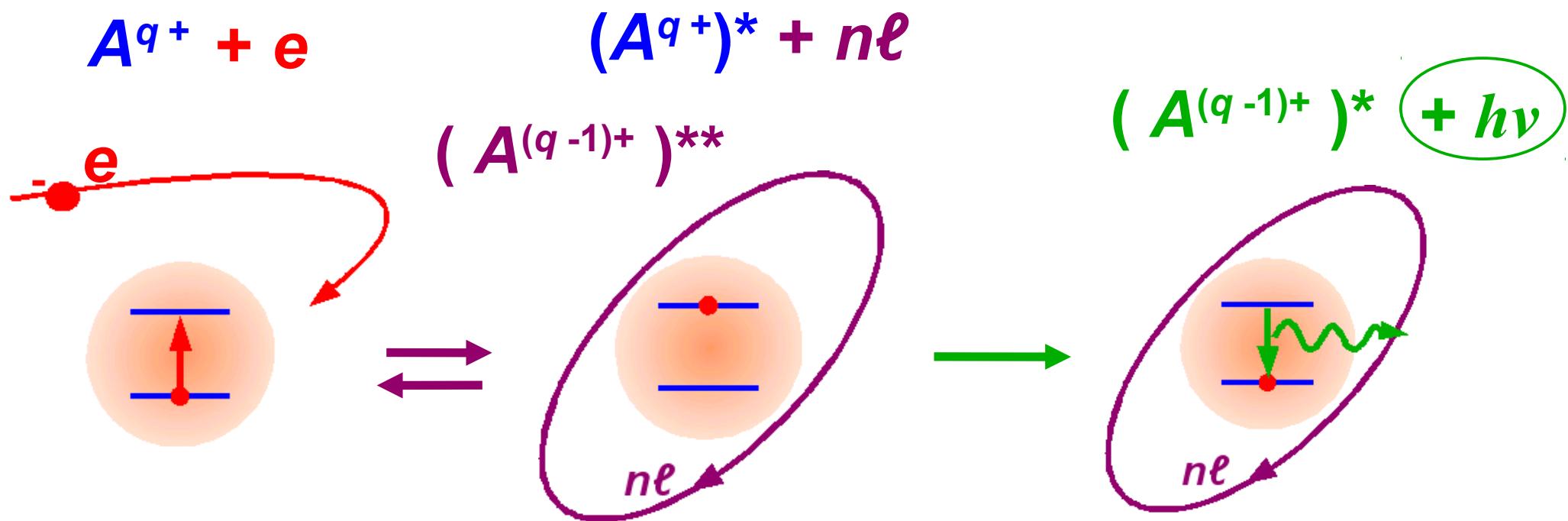
Fragmentation
(dissociative recombination)



C. Krantz et al.,
J. Phys. B
Topical Review
2017:
C Krantz et al
JPB 50 052001

- Counting
- Momentum measurement
(time + position)
- Coincidence measurements

Resonant (“dielectronic”) recombination



Doubly excited state

Feshbach resonance in the electronic continuum

Ion core excitations

Photoemission from
doubly excited state

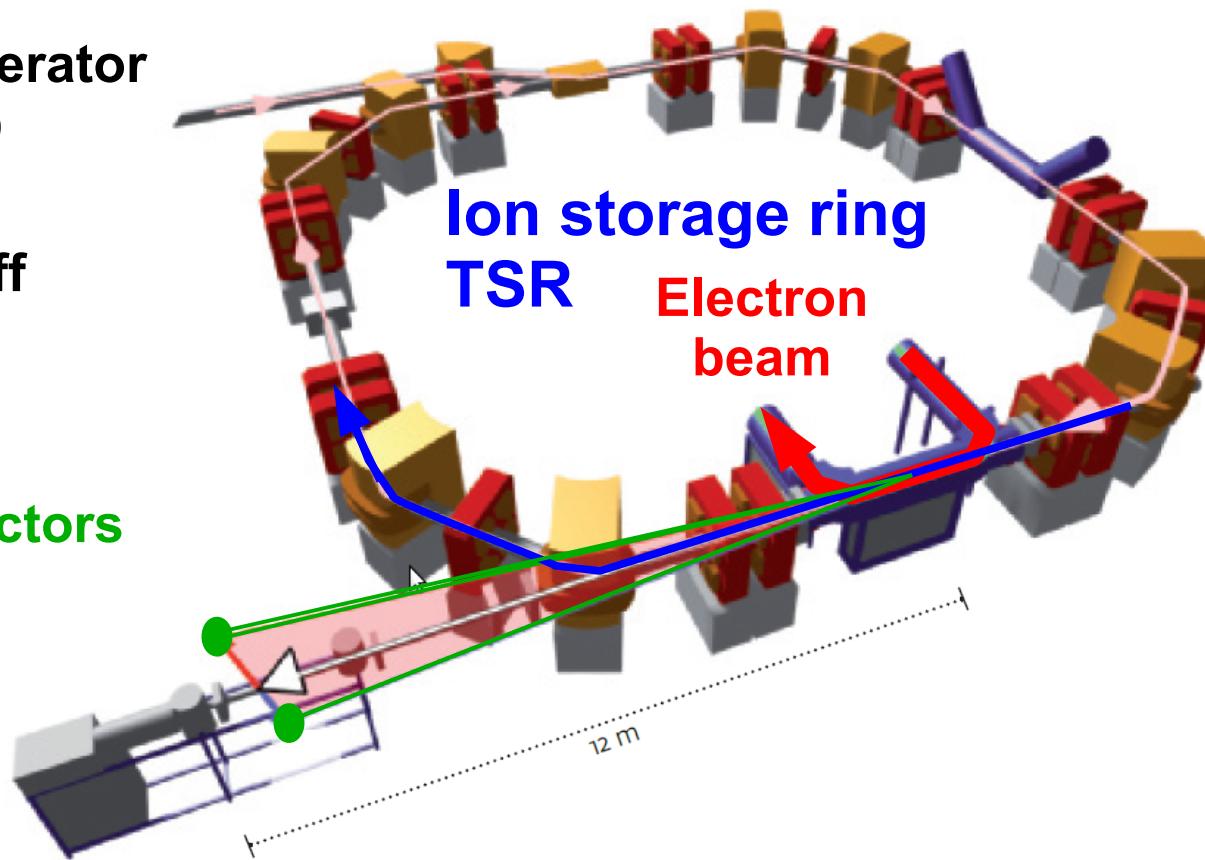
Storage ring merged beams experiments

Tandem accelerator
($\sim 10 \text{ MeV}\cdot q$)

Molecule
Van-de-Graaff
($\sim 1\ldots 2 \text{ MeV}$)

Fragment detectors

Max-Planck-Institut
für Kernphysik
1988 to 2012



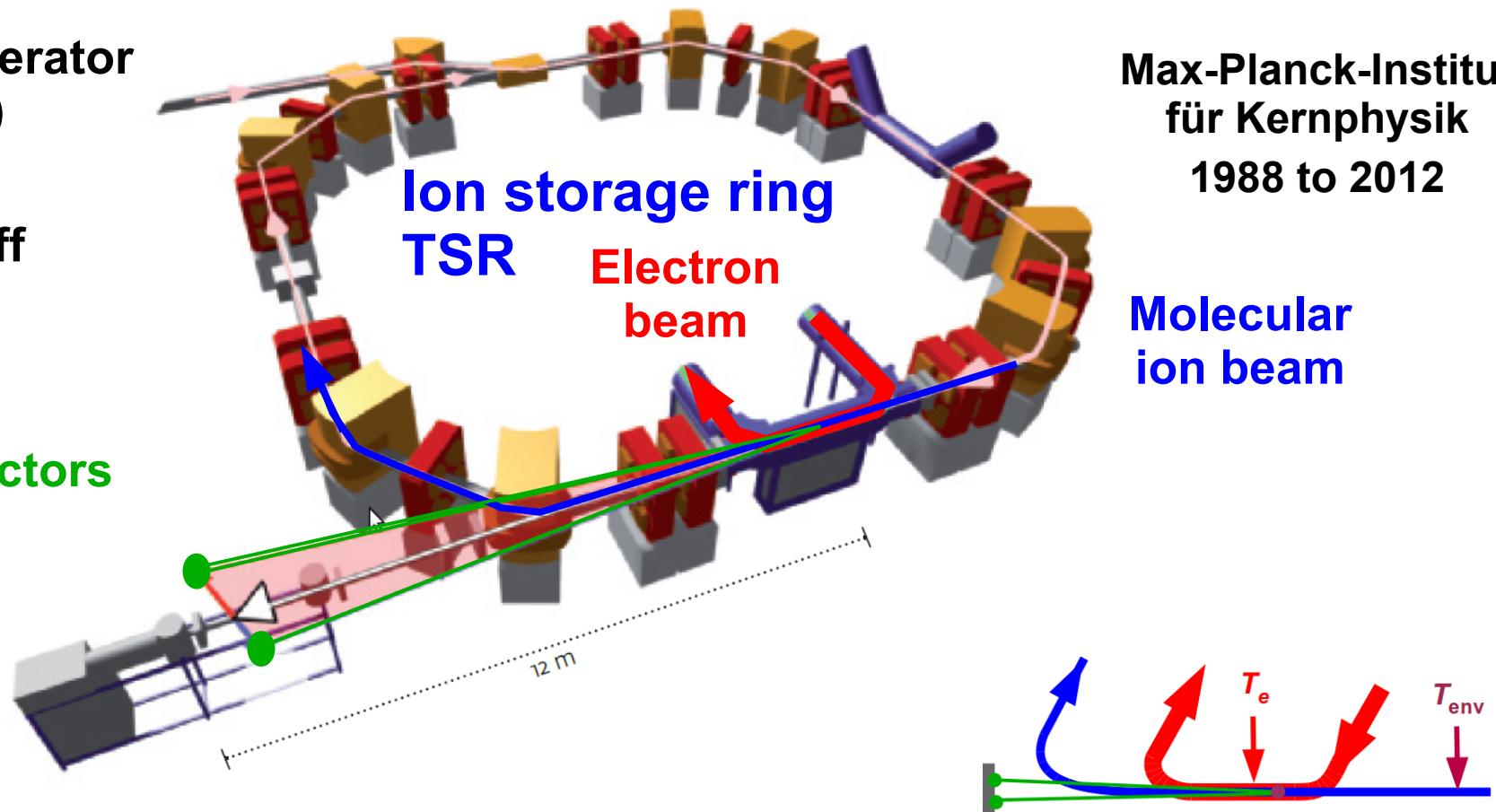
Storage ring merged beams experiments

Tandem accelerator
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Van-de-Graaff
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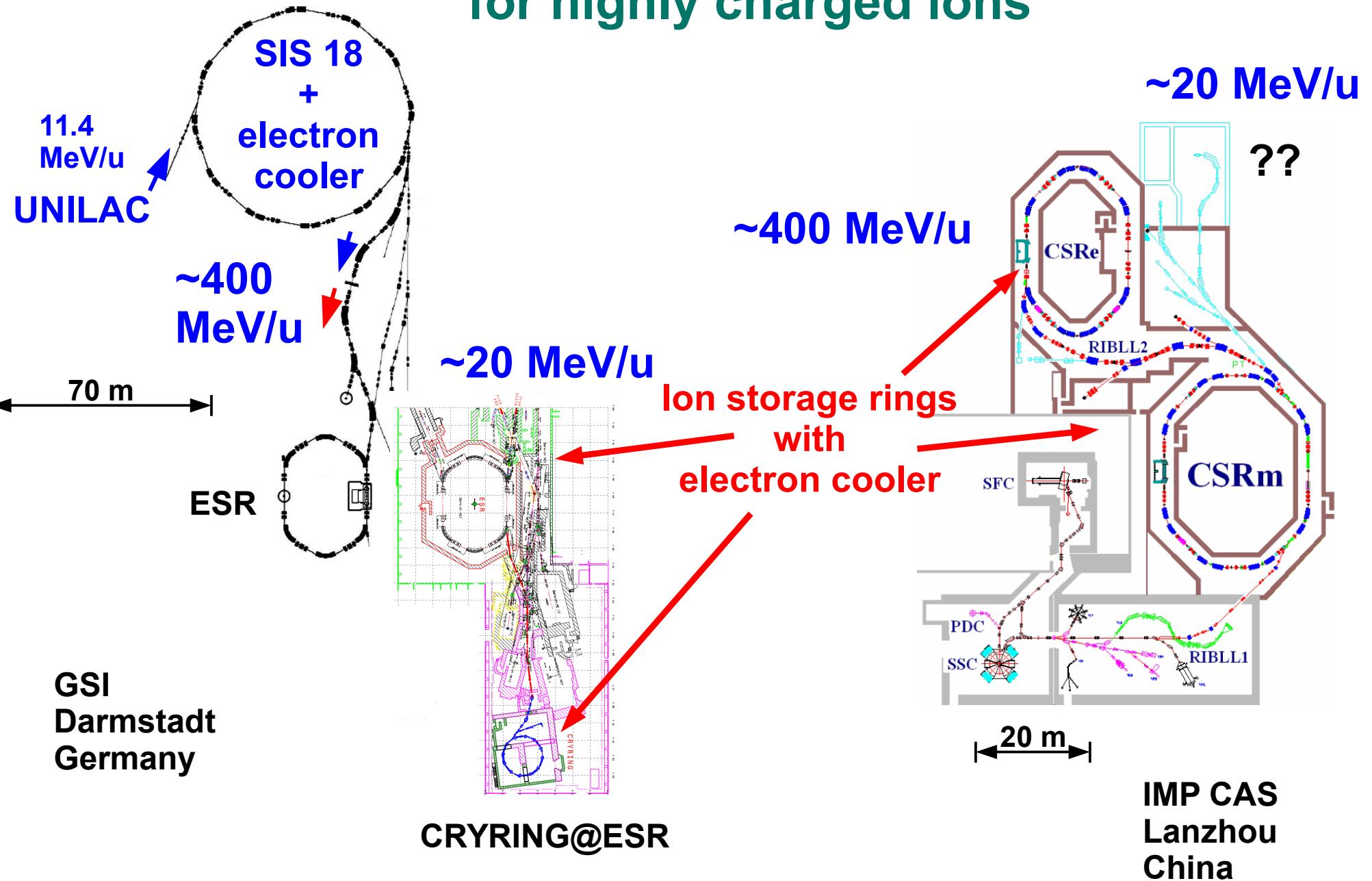
Fragment detectors

Max-Planck-Institut
für Kernphysik
1988 to 2012



- Store and phase-space cool molecular ion beam
- Reduce/control internal excitation of molecular ions ($T_{\text{env}} = 300 \text{ K}$)
- Cold electrons ($T_e \sim 10 \text{ K}$) – vary collision energy of electrons
- Neutral fragment detection:
 - rates
 - product momenta
 - product masses

Present merged electron beam experimental facilities for highly charged ions



Iron ion dielectronic recombination



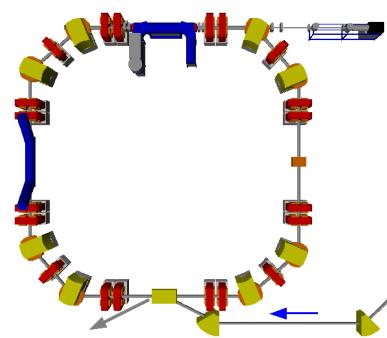
X-ray view of Galaxy M 106
with supermassive black hole

X-ray ionized plasma

High ion charge states
by photoionization

Low electron
temperature

→ Charge states dependent on
 $\Delta N = 0$ dielectronic recombination



NASA-funded storage ring studies at TSR
D. W. Savin, Columbia Astrophysics Laboratory, NY
S. Schippers, A. Müller et al., Univ. Gießen, Germany



NASA/CXC/Univ. Maryland/A.S. Wilson et al./
Palomar Observatory DSS/JPL-Caltech/NRAO/AUI/NSF

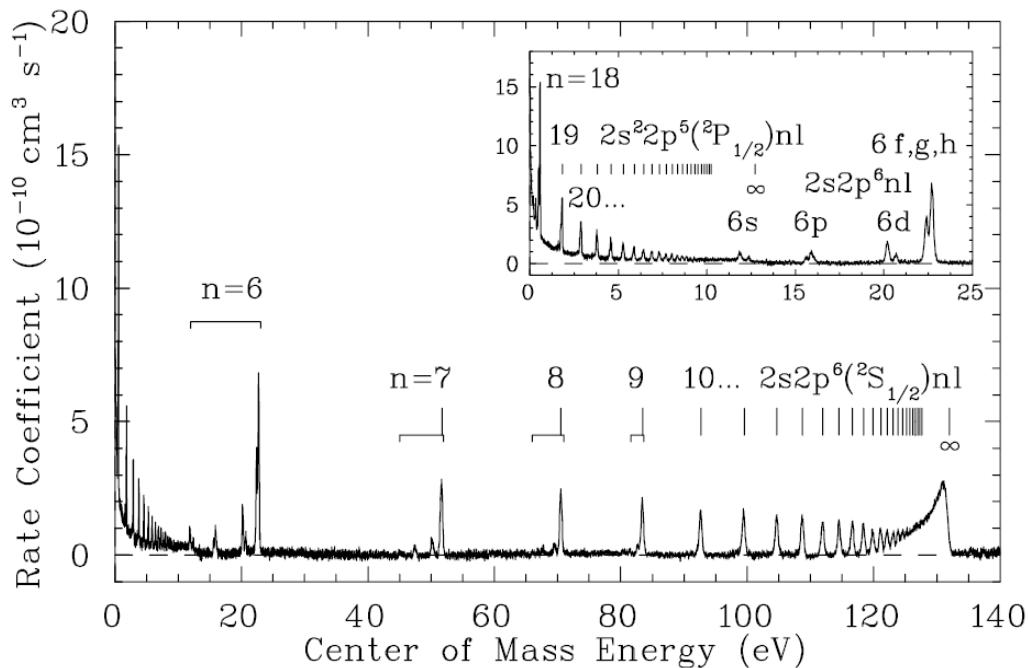
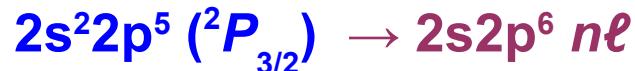
Theory: T. Gorczyca et al., N. Badnell et al.



Iron ion dielectronic recombination

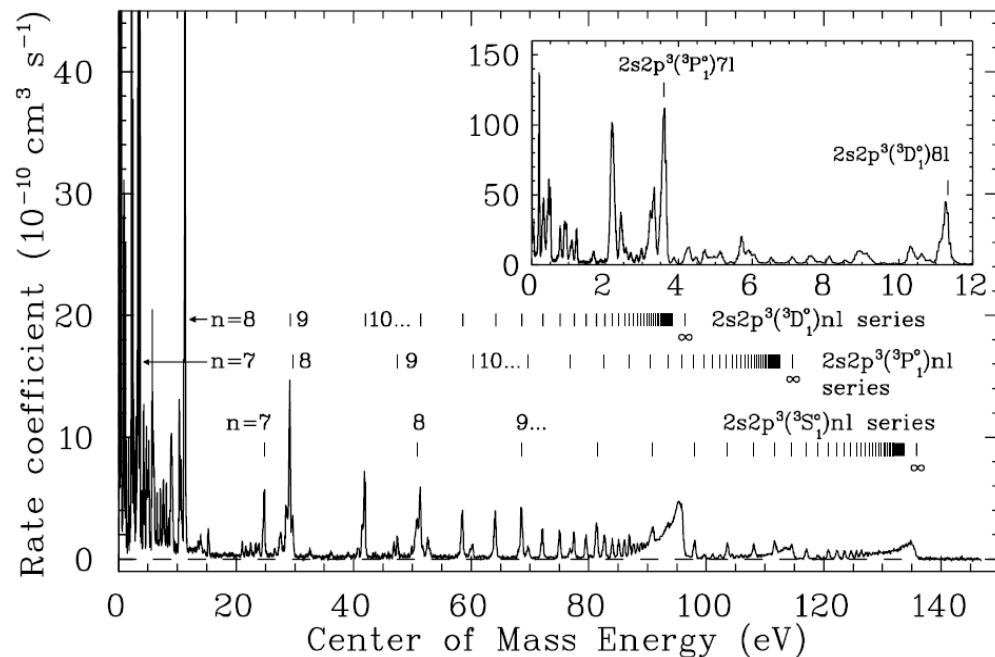


F-like Fe¹⁷⁺



D. Savin et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.* 489, L115 (1997)

C-like Fe²⁰⁺



D. Savin et al., *Astrophys. J. Suppl.* 147, 421 (2003)

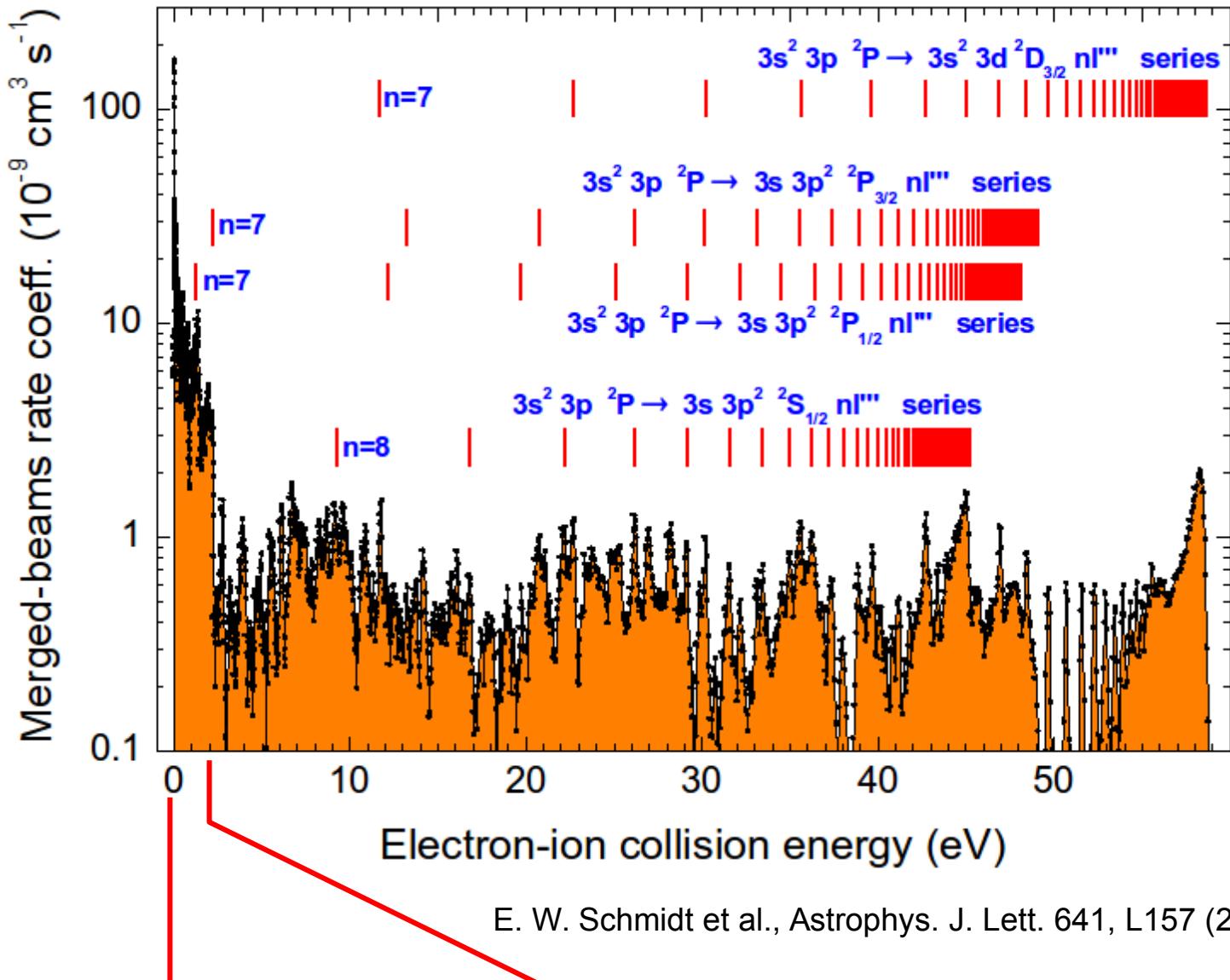
Theory: T. Gorczyca et al., N. Badnell et al.



Iron ion dielectronic recombination

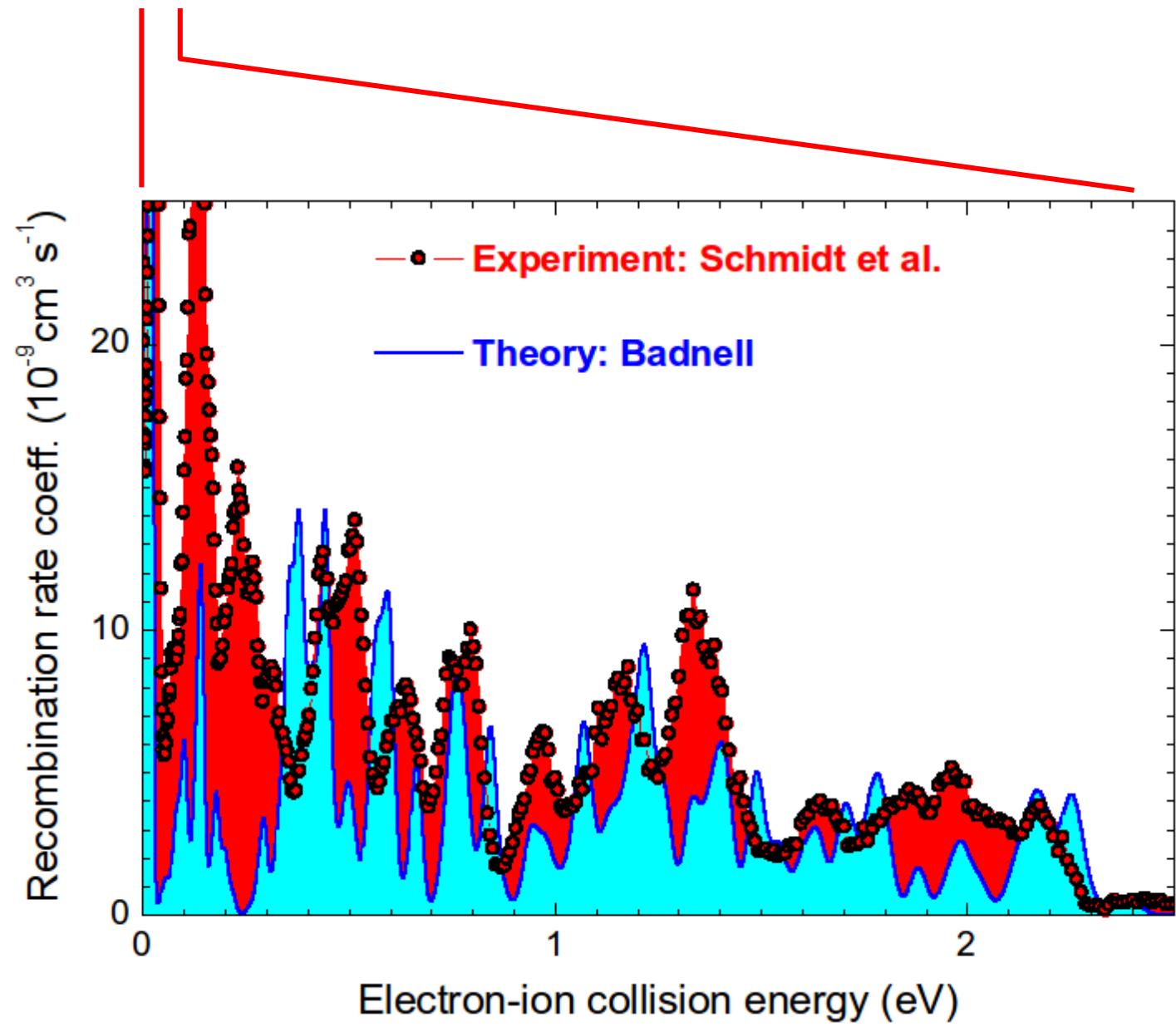


Al-like Fe¹³⁺
 $3s^2 3p\ (^2P_{1/2})$
 $\rightarrow 3s 3p^2 n\ell$
 $\rightarrow 3s^2 2p\ (^2P_{3/2}) n\ell$



Iron ion dielectronic recombination

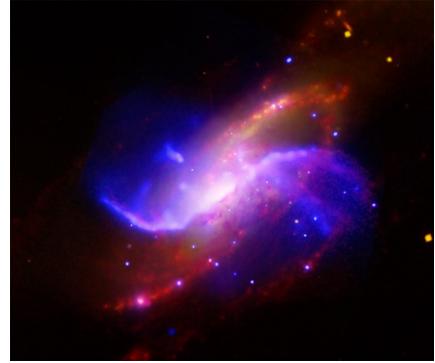
Al-like Fe¹³⁺
3s²3p (²P_{1/2})
 \rightarrow 3s3p² nℓ
 \rightarrow 3s²2p (²P_{3/2}) nℓ



E. W. Schmidt et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.* 641, L157 (2006)

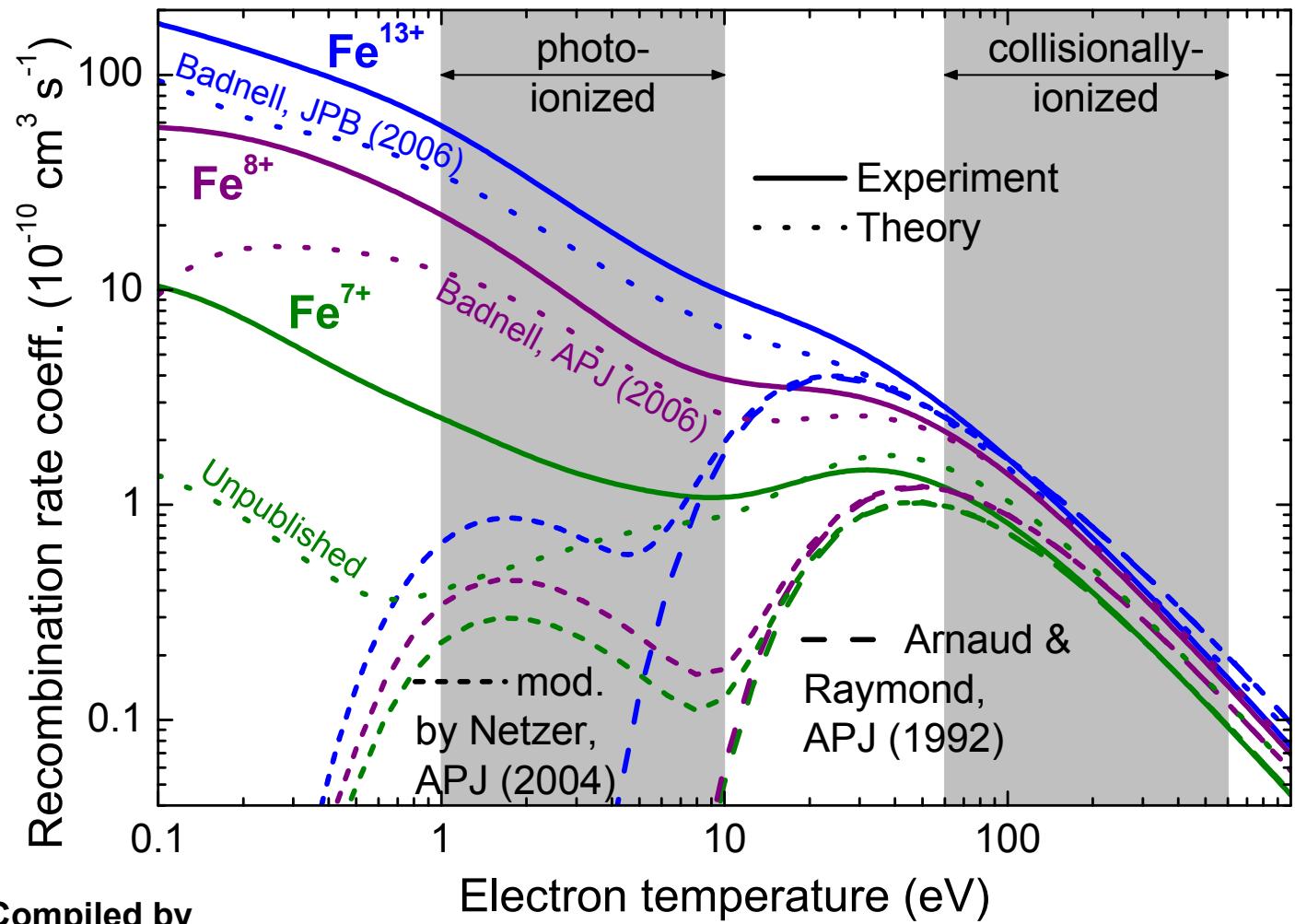


Iron ion dielectronic recombination



Al-like Fe¹³⁺
 $3s^23p\ (^2P_{1/2})$
 $\rightarrow 3s3p^2 n\ell$
 $\rightarrow 3s^22p\ (^2P_{3/2}) n\ell$

Derived thermal plasma rate coefficients



Compiled by
S. Schippers

E. W. Schmidt et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.* 641, L157 (2006)

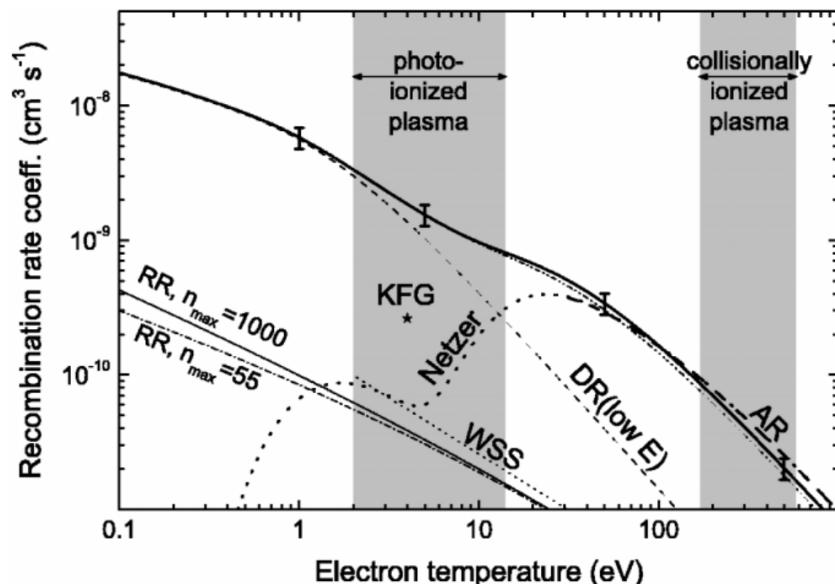


Experimental rate constant data



$$\alpha_{\text{plasma}}(T_e) = T_e^{-3/2} \sum_{i=1}^{10} c_i \exp(-E_i/k_B T_e) \quad (1)$$

E. W. Schmidt et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.* **641**, L157 (2006)



Errors:

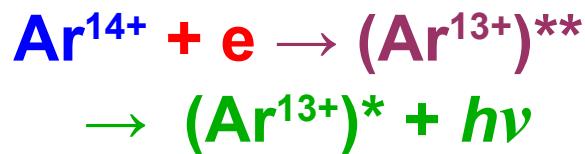
~15% ion current and electron density systematics
~8% estimate of non-DR recombination (=RR)

~18% overall

PARAMETERS FOR THE FIT OF EQUATION (1)

| i | c_i ($\text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$) | E_i (eV) |
|----------|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | 3.55×10^{-4} | 2.19×10^{-2} |
| 2 | 2.40×10^{-3} | 1.79×10^{-1} |
| 3 | 7.83×10^{-3} | 7.53×10^{-1} |
| 4 | 1.10×10^{-2} | 2.21×10^0 |
| 5 | 3.30×10^{-2} | 9.57×10^0 |
| 6 | 1.45×10^{-1} | 3.09×10^1 |
| 7 | 8.50×10^{-2} | 6.37×10^1 |
| 8 | 2.59×10^{-2} | 2.19×10^2 |
| 9 | 8.93×10^{-3} | 1.50×10^3 |
| 10 | 9.80×10^{-3} | 7.86×10^3 |

Experimental rate constant data



(Be-like)

Z. K. Huang et al., *Astrophys. J. Suppl.* 235, 2 (2018)

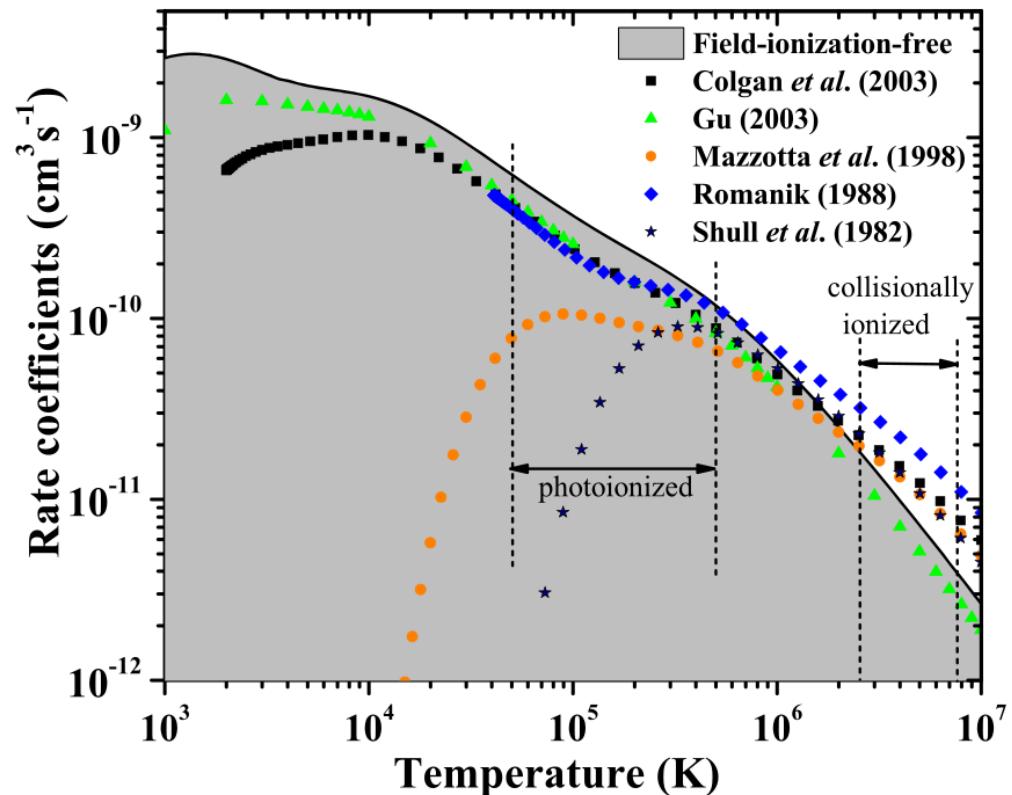
CSRm, Lanzhou Dielectronic recombination
Trielectronic

Fitted Coefficients for the RR-subtracted $\Delta N = 0$ DR+TR Rate Coefficients from Figure 3 for Two Different Values of n_{cutoff} and $n_{\text{max}} = 1000$
(Field-ionization-free)

| No. <i>i</i> | n_{cutoff} | | $n_{\text{max}} = 1000$ | |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| | c_i | E_i | c_i | E_i |
| 1 | 0.254 | 0.12 | 0.244 | 0.115 |
| 2 | 0.580 | 0.28 | 0.590 | 0.278 |
| 3 | 3.74 | 3.47 | 3.77 | 3.45 |
| 4 | 5.17 | 1.43 | 5.14 | 1.43 |
| 5 | 14.3 | 12.42 | 14.38 | 12.45 |
| 6 | 23.39 | 31.84 | 23.13 | 31.95 |
| 7 | 38.84 | 56.39 | 40.30 | 57.03 |

Note. The units of c_i and E_i are $10^{-3} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ K}^{3/2}$ and eV, respectively.

Errors:
~30% overall



$$\alpha(T_e) = T_e^{-3/2} \sum_i c_i \times \exp\left(-\frac{E_i}{kT_e}\right)$$

~15% ion and electron current, counting statistics
~5% remaining (too long-lived) metastable content
~20% electron beam density profile and ion position

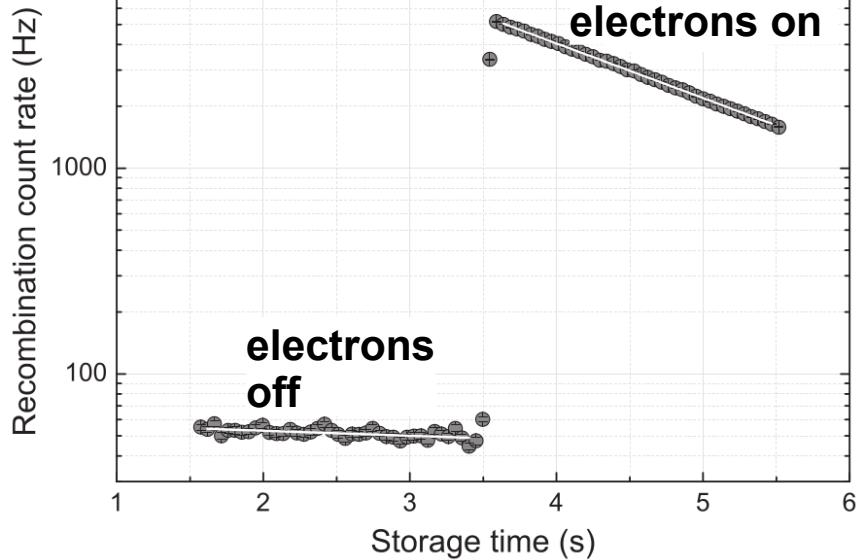


Absolute normalization: the lifetime method

H. B. Pedersen, Phys. Rev. A 72, 012712 (2005)
O. Novotný, Astrophys. J. 777, 54 (2013)

W¹⁸⁺

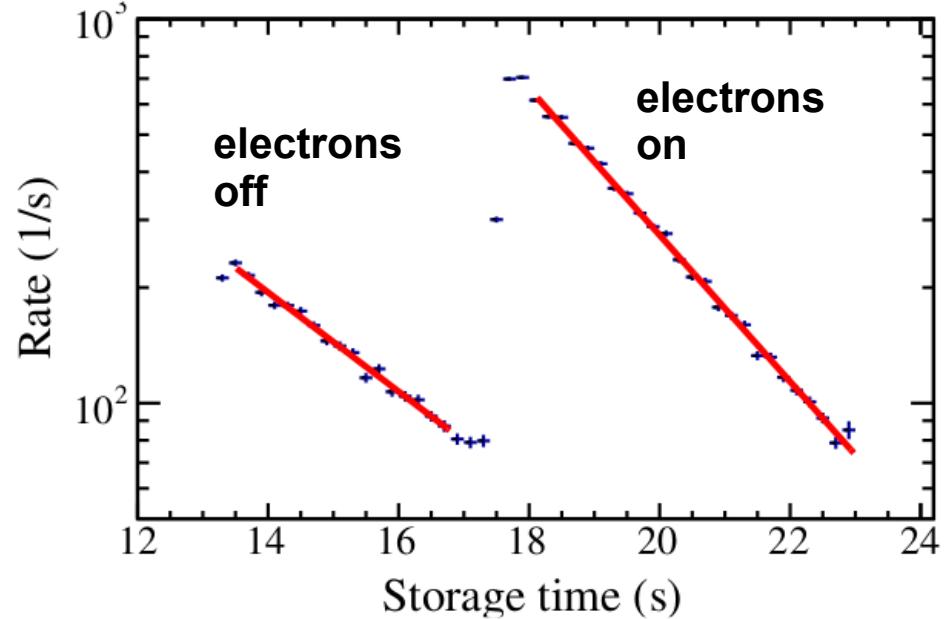
$$n_e \sim 1 \times 10^7 \text{ cm}^{-3}$$



K. Spruck et al.,
PRA 90, 032715 (2014)

SH⁺

$$n_e \sim 3 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-3}$$



A. Becker, Thesis,
Univ. of Heidelberg, 2016

Electron induced loss rate r
Overlap fraction L_e/C
Electron density n_e

}

Reaction rate constant
 $\alpha = r / (n_e \cdot \text{overlap fraction})$

Detuning energy $E_d = 0$



Tungsten ions: merged beams rate coefficients

Xe-like W²⁰⁺

4d¹⁰ 4f⁸ (⁷F₆)

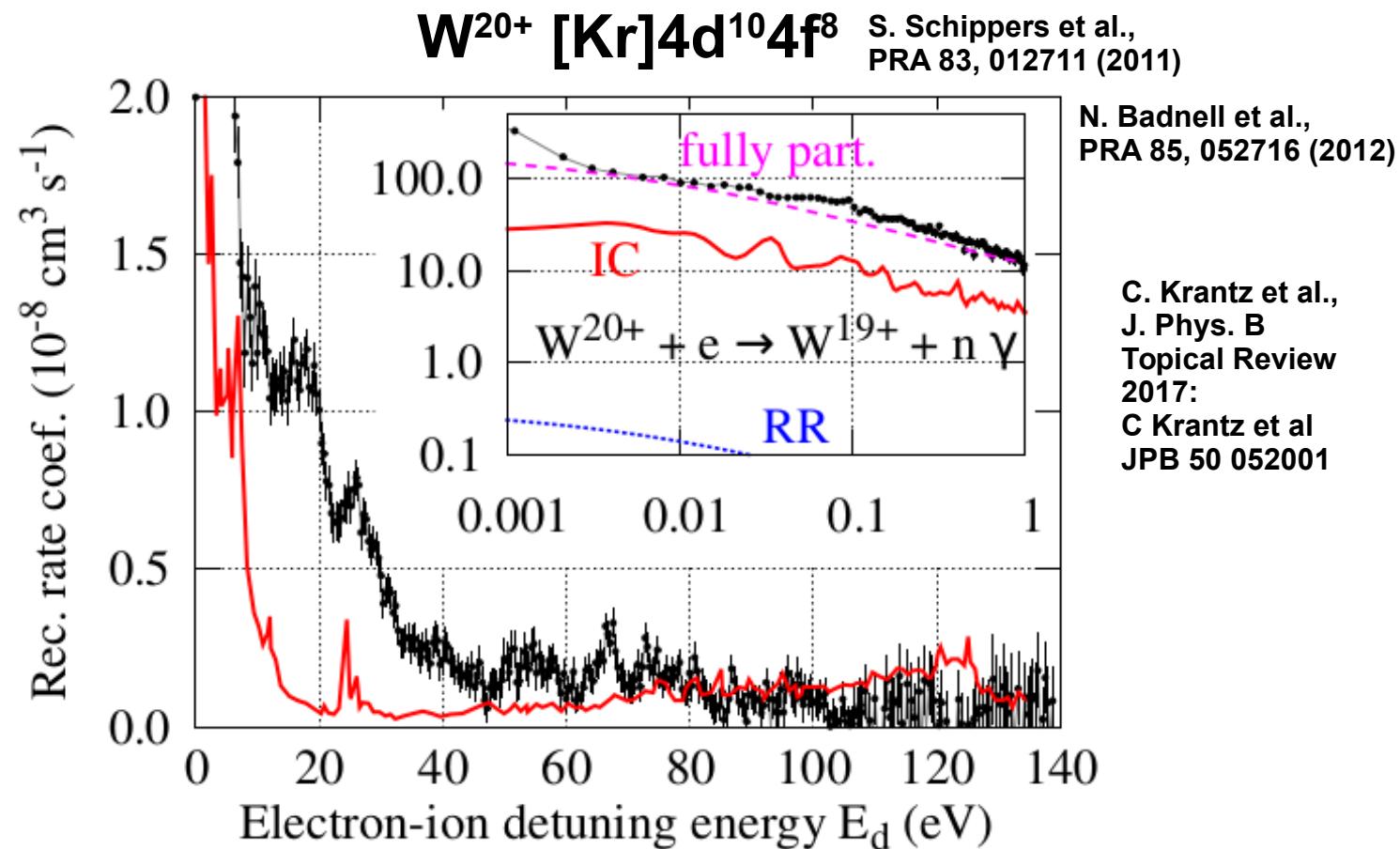
→ 4d⁹ 4f⁹ nℓ

→ 4d¹⁰ 4f⁹ 5d nℓ

→ 4d¹⁰ 4f⁹ 5g nℓ

→ 4d¹⁰ 4f⁸ (f.s.) nℓ

(0 ... 30 eV)



Fully partitioned (statistical) calculation

Intermediate coupling calculation

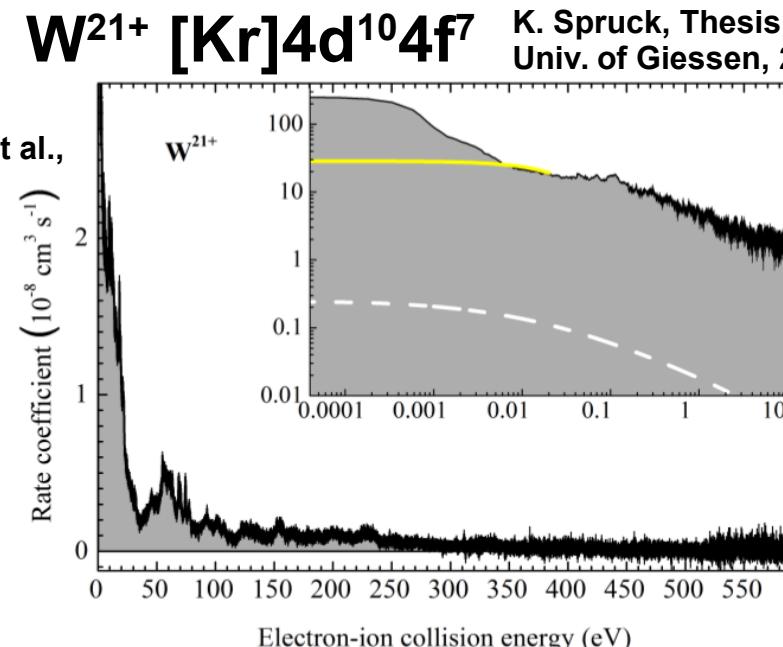
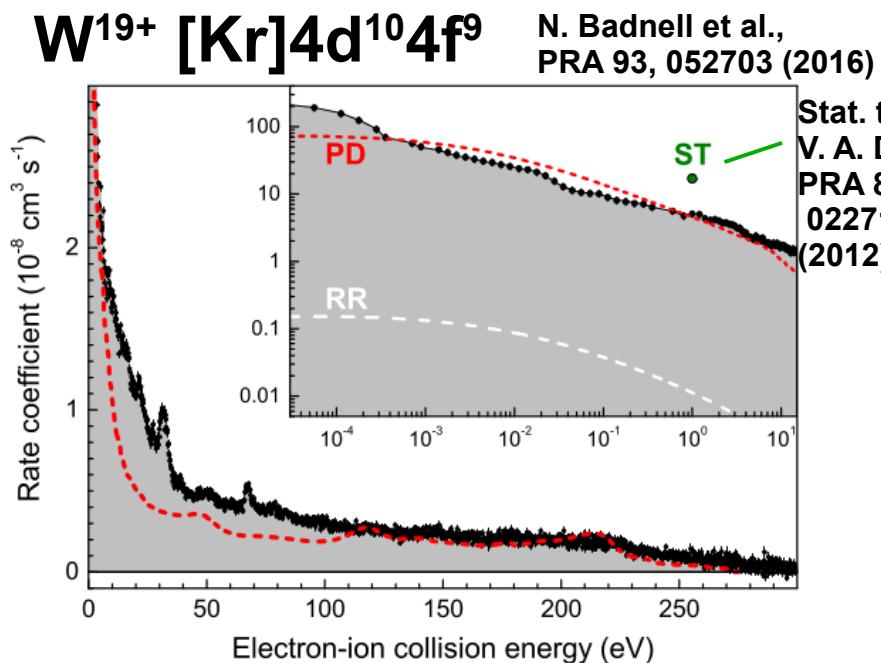
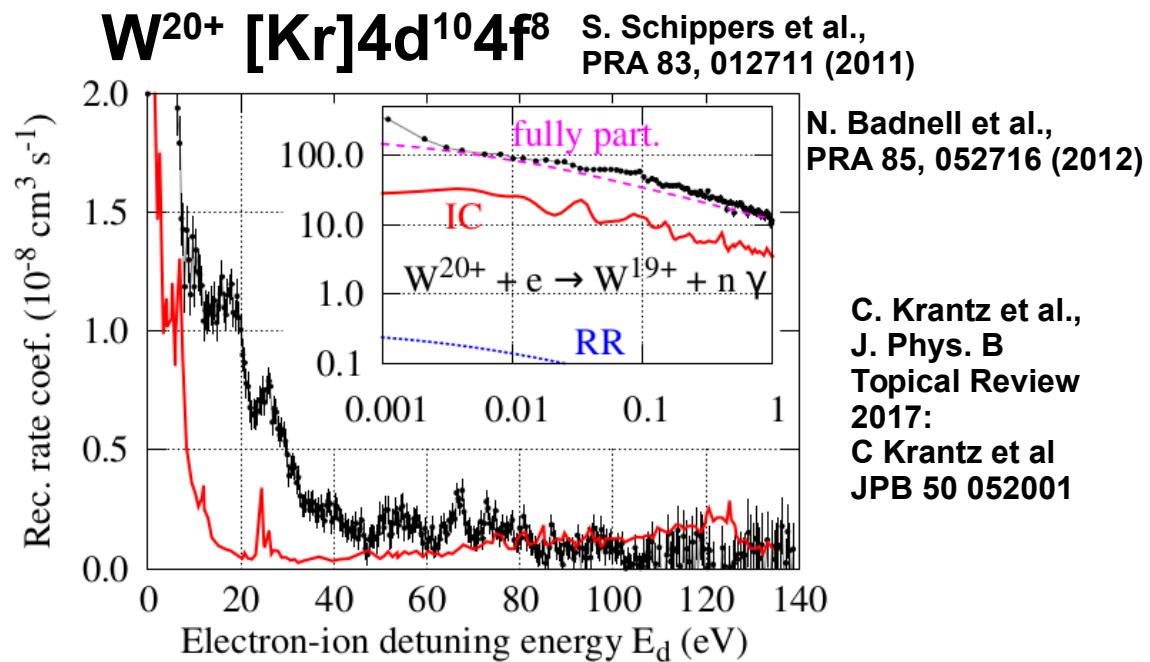
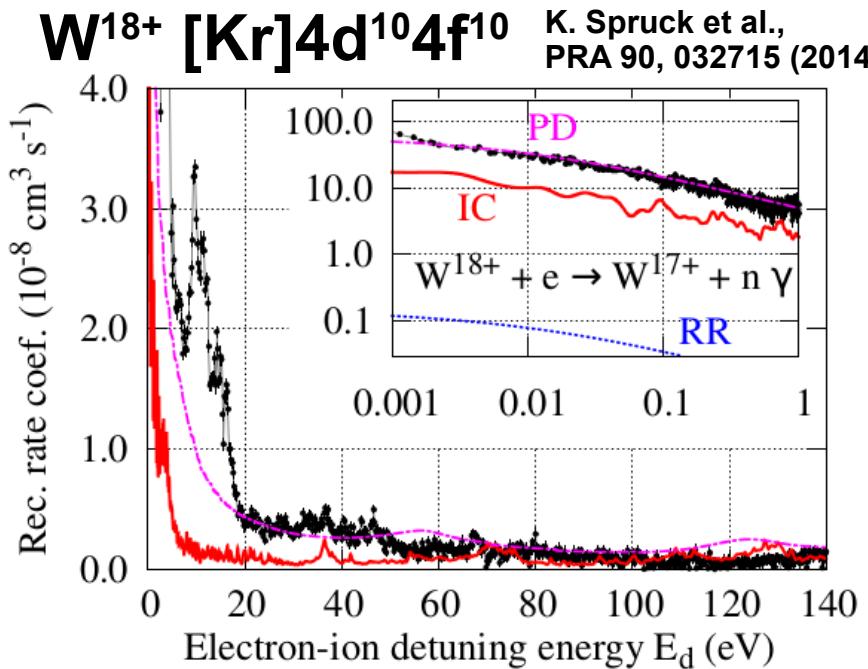
Radiative recombination

More at:

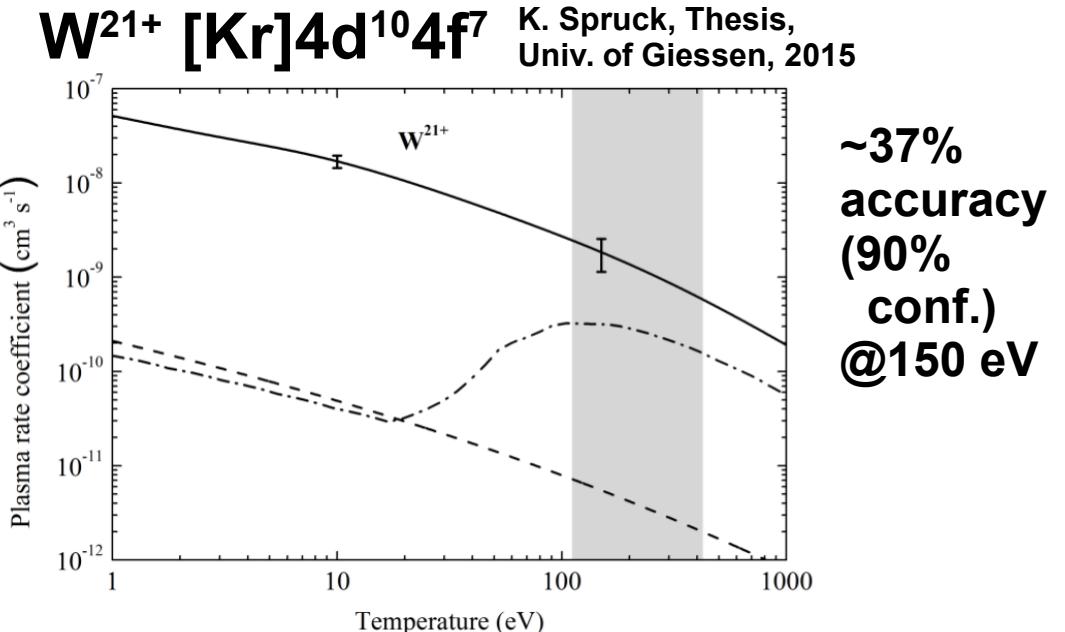
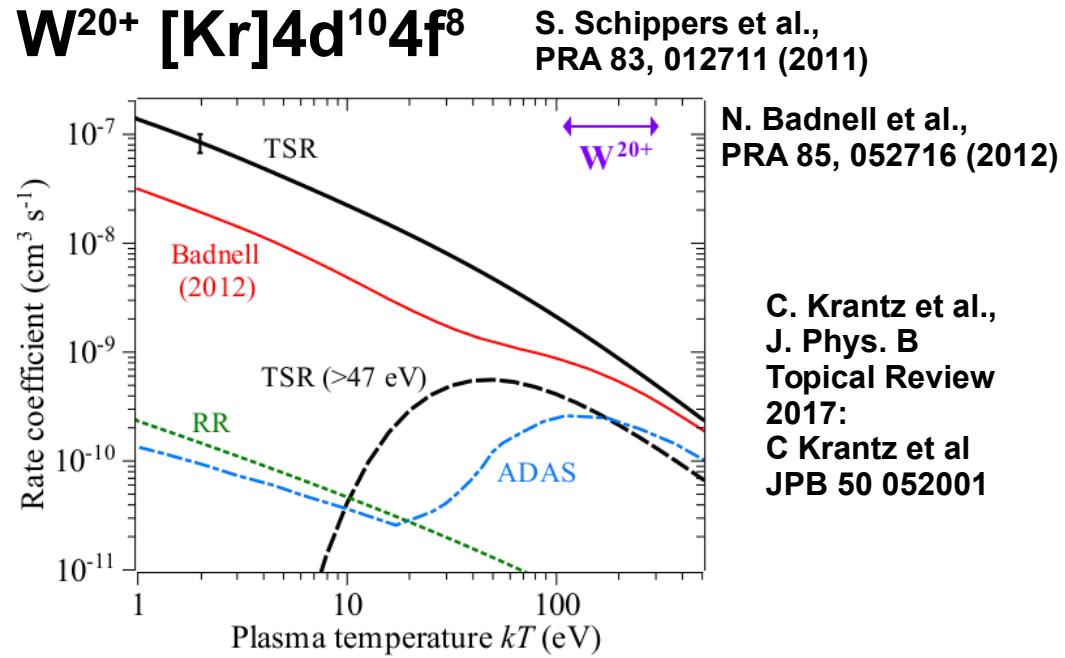
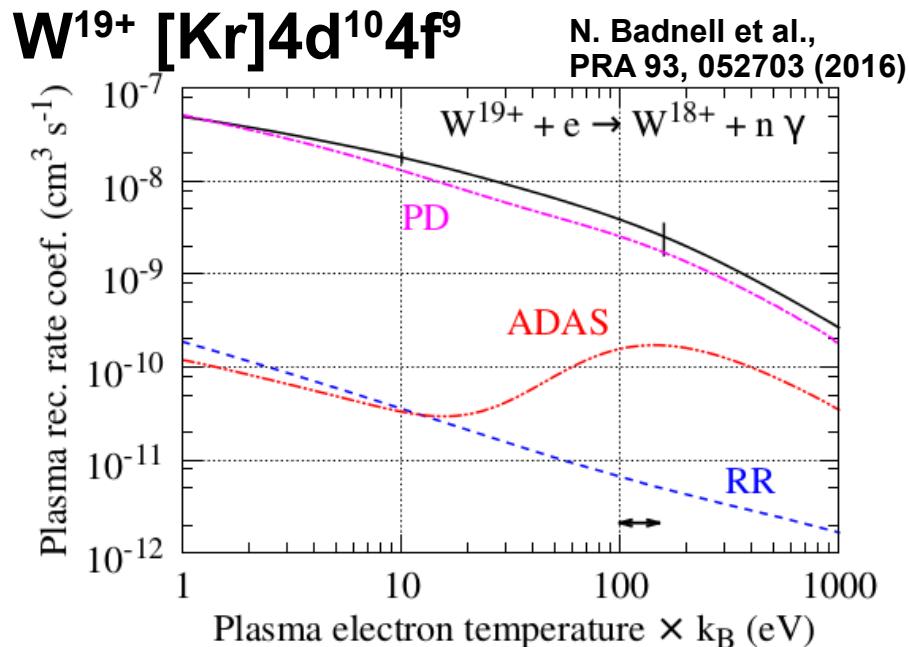
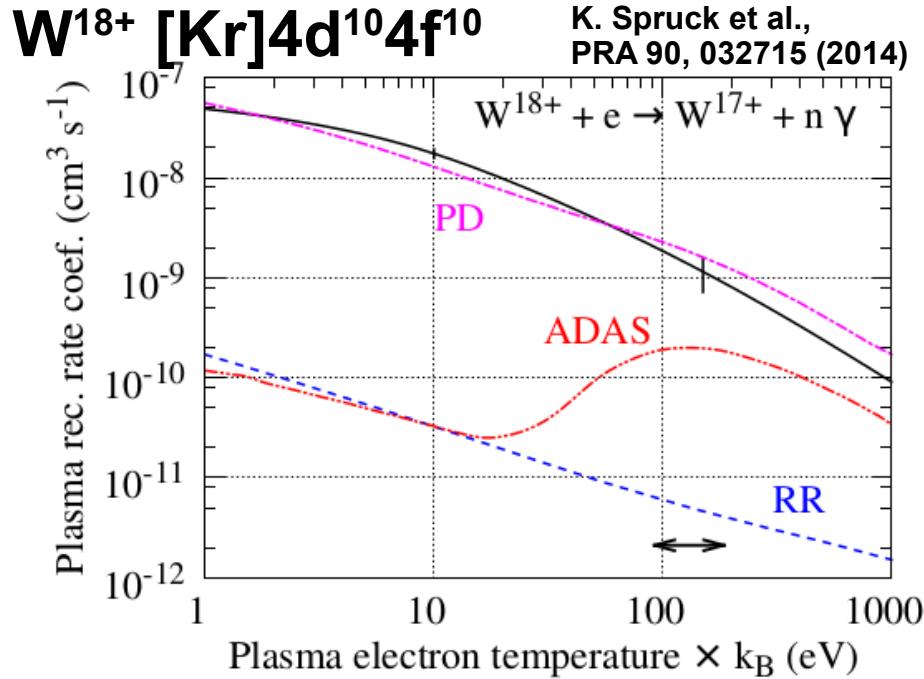
<https://www-amdis.iaea.org/meetings/UQ2016/>

Talk in session on Experimental Atomic Collision Data

Tungsten ions: merged beams rate coefficients



Tungsten ions: plasma recombination rate constants



~37%
accuracy
(90%
conf.)
@150 eV

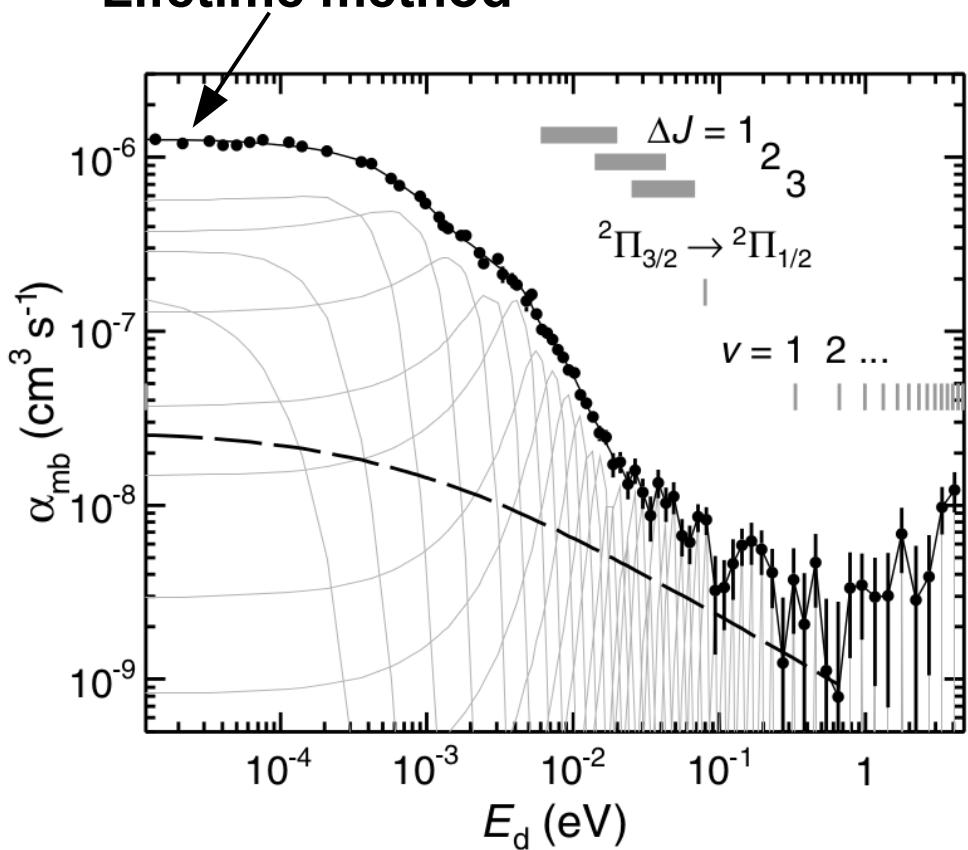
Molecular recombination measurements: Analysis



O. Novotný, *Astrophys. J.* 777, 54 (2013)

Merged-beams high-resolution rate constant

Calibration:
Lifetime method



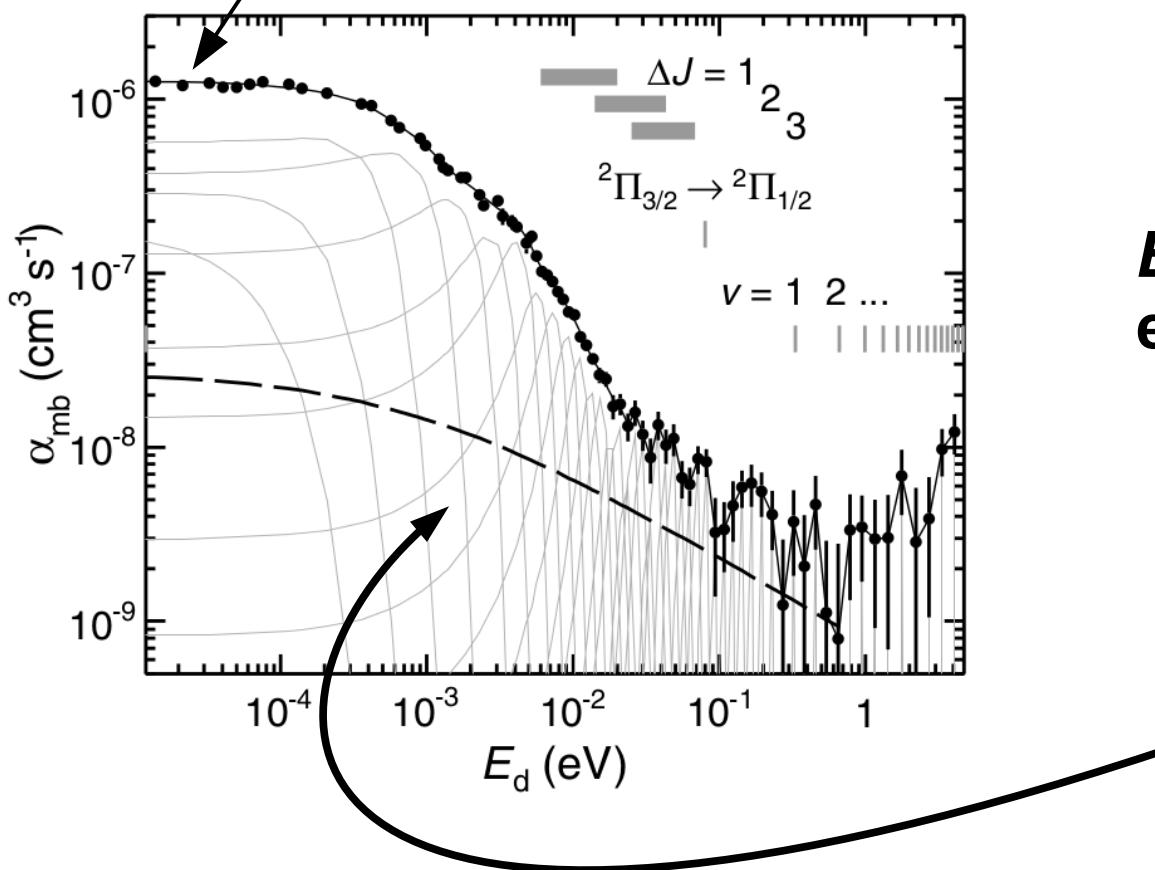
Molecular recombination measurements: Analysis



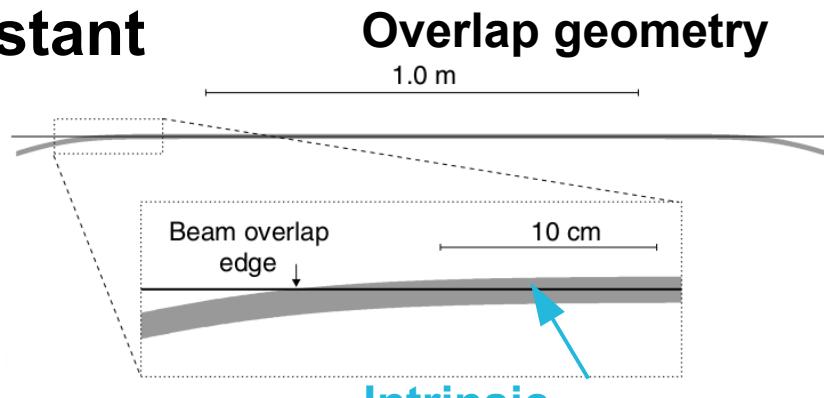
O. Novotný, *Astrophys. J.* 777, 54 (2013)

Merged-beams high-resolution rate constant

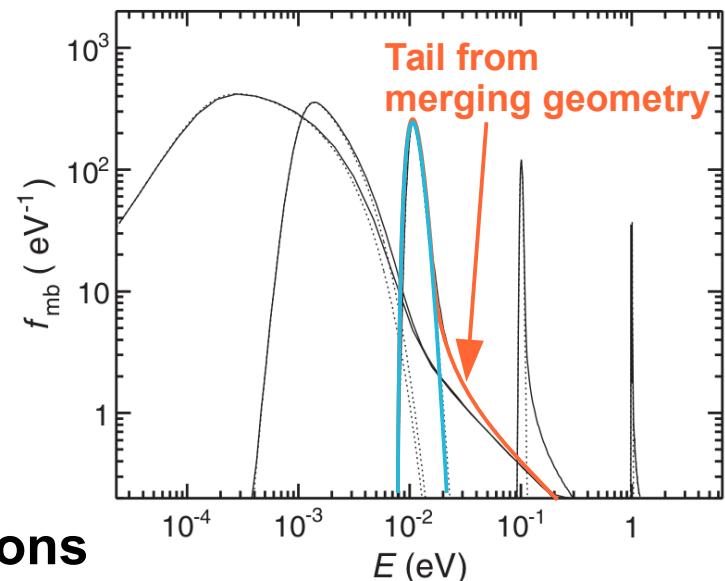
Calibration:
Lifetime method



Binned signal contributions
(fitted cross section values)



Effective energy distribution

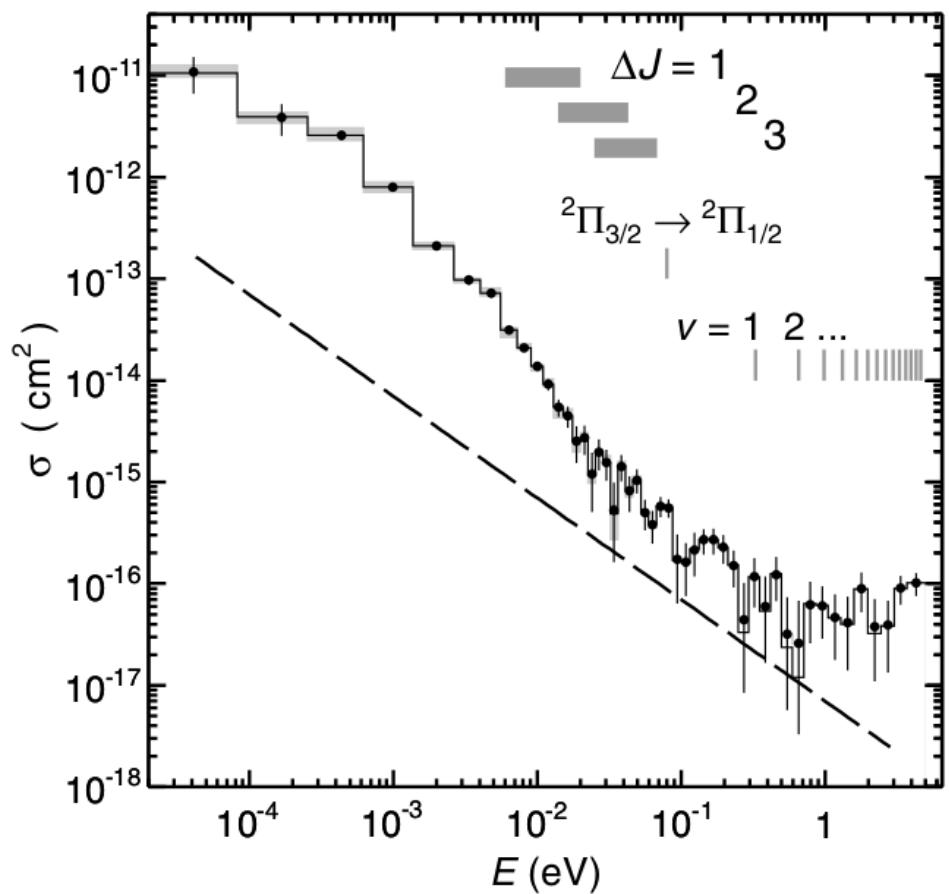


Molecular recombination measurements: Analysis



O. Novotný, *Astrophys. J.* 777, 54 (2013)

Binned cross section

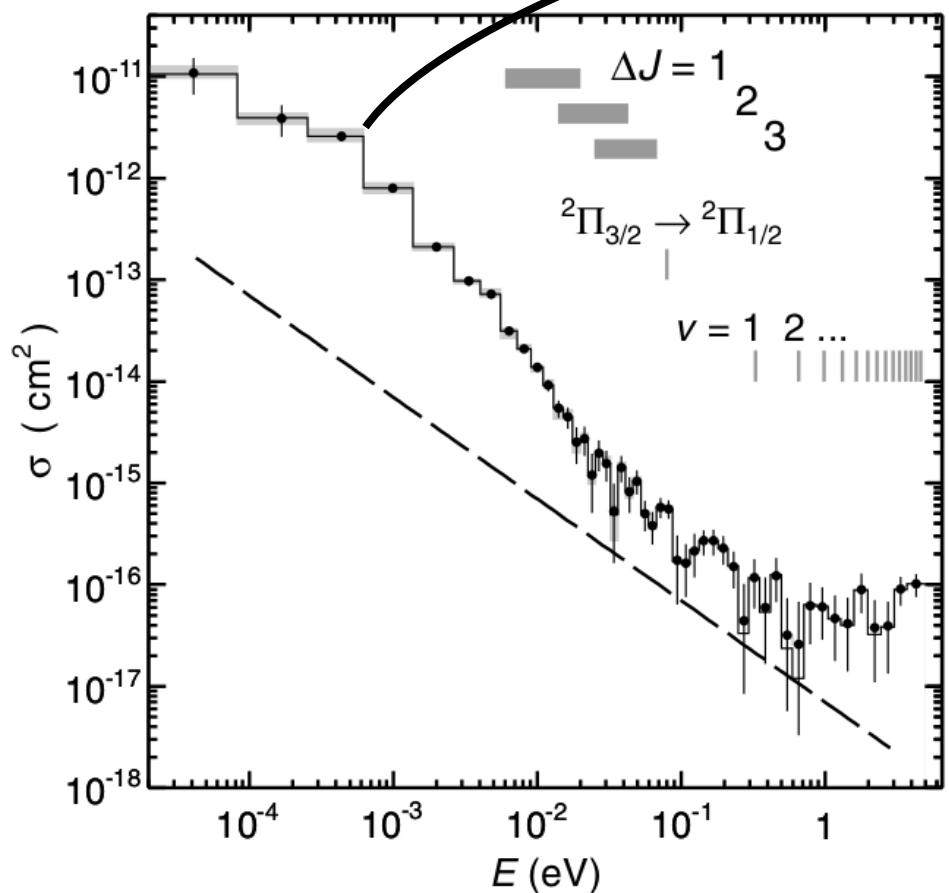


Molecular recombination measurements: Analysis

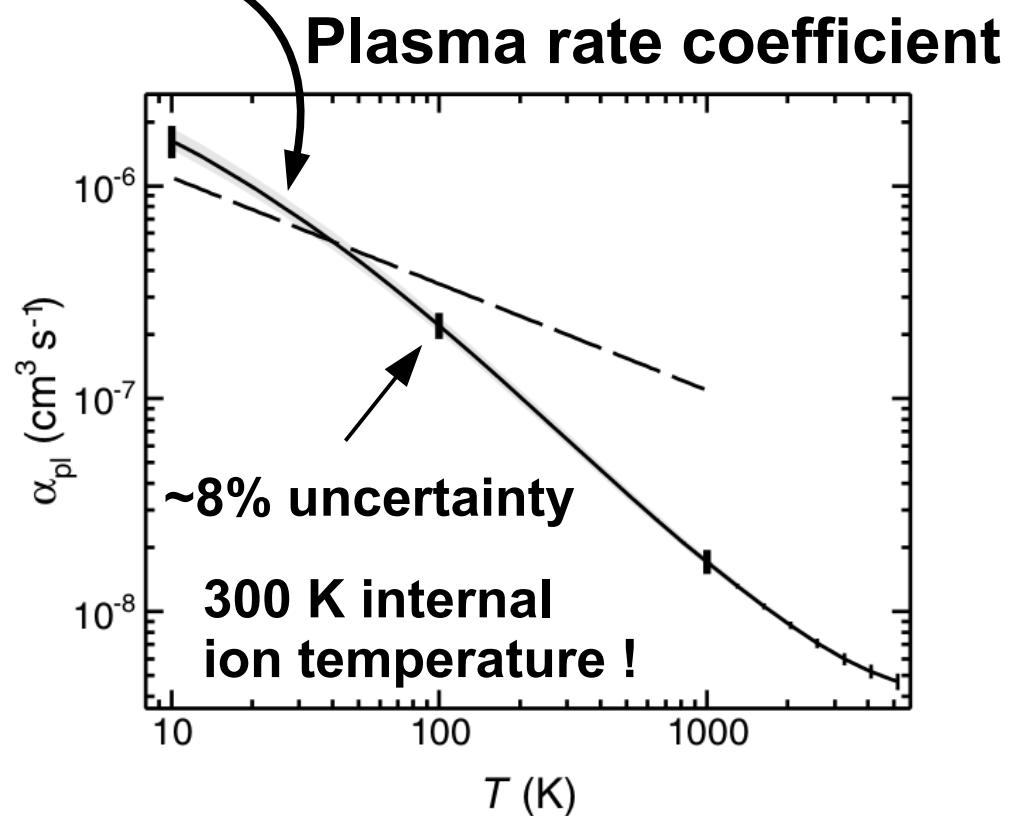


O. Novotný, *Astrophys. J.* 777, 54 (2013)

Binned cross section



Maxwellian distribution

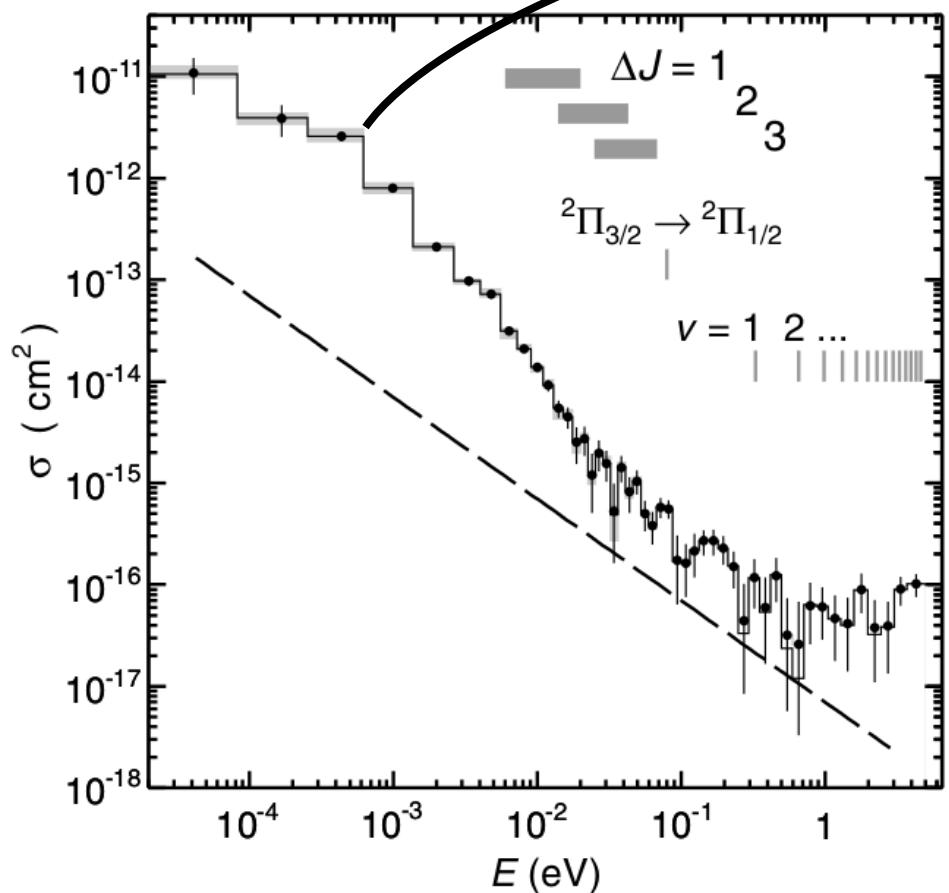


Molecular recombination measurements: Analysis



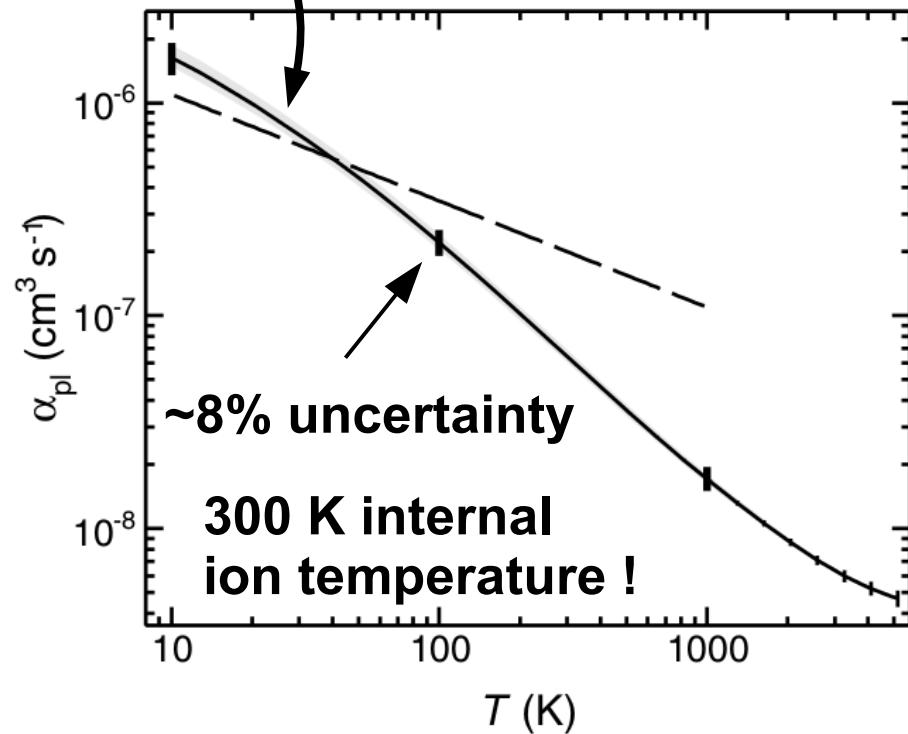
O. Novotný, *Astrophys. J.* 777, 54 (2013)

Binned cross section



Maxwellian distribution

Plasma rate coefficient



Fit model for temperature curve of rate coefficient

$$\alpha_{\text{pl}}^{\text{fit}}(T) = A \left(\frac{300}{T} \right)^n + B$$

$$B = T^{-3/2} \sum_{i=1}^4 c_i \exp(-T_i/T)$$



Cryogenic electrostatic storage rings

Storage rings equipped with cryogenic cooling (~4...15 K) of the vacuum chamber walls and the ion optical elements

- Reduce residual gas density
small cryogenic Penning traps: $\sim 10^{-16}$ mbar estimated
- Reduce background black-body radiation field
to avoid excitation of rotations or vibrations
 $kT \sim 0.026 \text{ eV} \cdot (T / 300 \text{ K})$



Cryogenic electrostatic storage rings

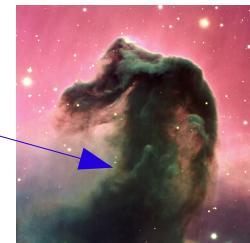
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Example: CH^+
(~ other diatomic hydrides)

$$\begin{aligned} E(J=1) - E(J=0) &= 2B \\ &= 0.0035 \text{ eV} \end{aligned}$$

| J | T_{rot} | Thermal equilibrium populations of rotational levels | |
|---|------------------|--|-------|
| | | 300 K | 10 K |
| 0 | | 0.065 | 0.949 |
| 1 | | 0.171 | 0.051 |
| 2 | | 0.219 | 0.0 |
| 3 | | 0.205 | 0.0 |
| 4 | | 0.155 | 0.0 |



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- Enable beam lifetimes long enough for phase space cooling / stacking

Cryogenic electrostatic storage rings

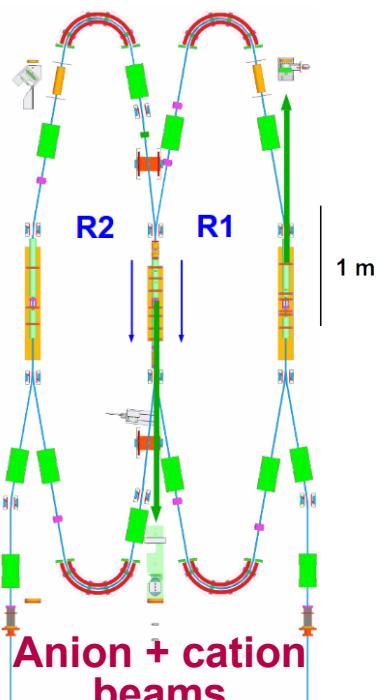
DESIREE
Stockholm

R. Thomas et al.

Rev. Sci. Instrum. 82, 065112 (2011)

H. T. Schmidt et al.,

Rev. Sci. Instrum. 84, 055115 (2013)



**Interactions of polyatomic ions
in cryogenic, extremely dilute
environment**

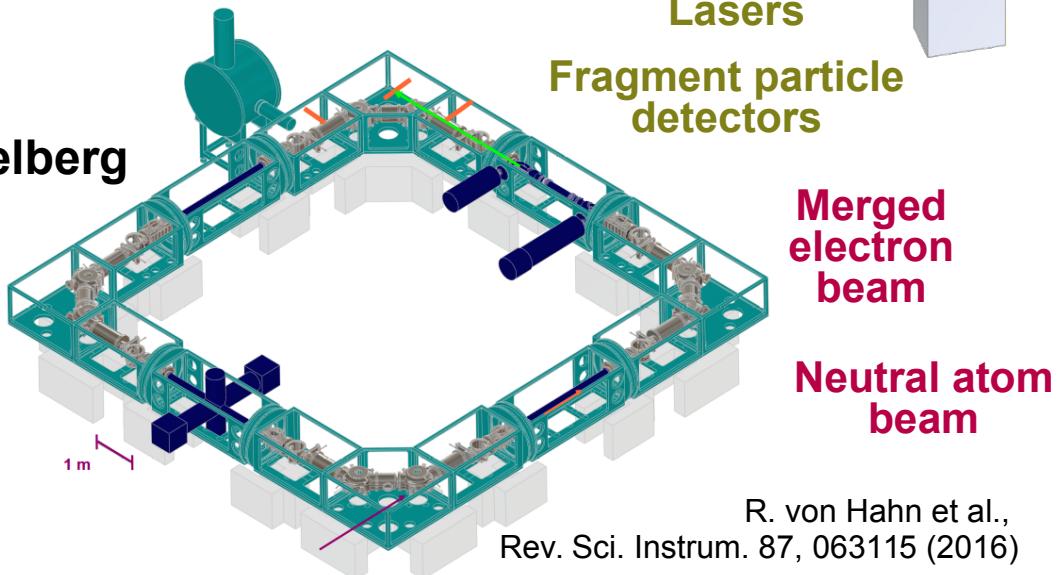
- Ion storage by electrostatic fields

- Light and heavy molecules,
clusters

- All components cooled to ~10 K

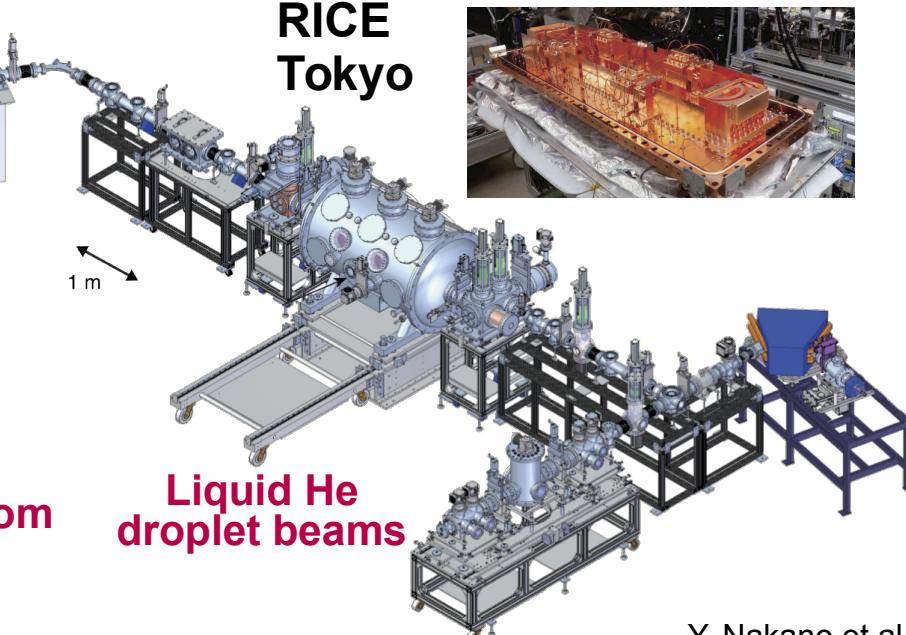
- Extreme vacuum,
~min ... h storage times

CSR
Heidelberg



R. von Hahn et al.,
Rev. Sci. Instrum. 87, 063115 (2016)

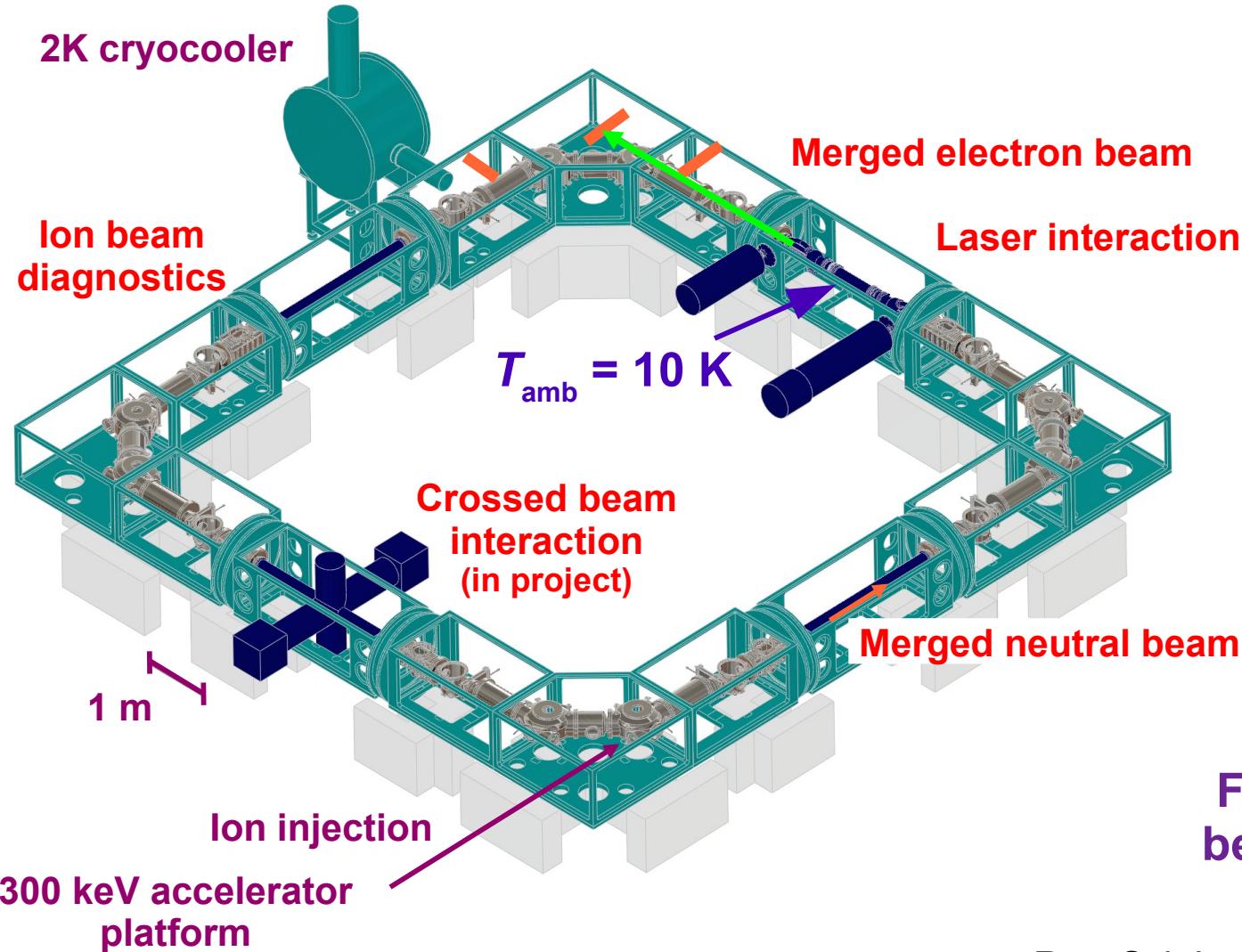
RICE
Tokyo



Y. Nakano et al.
Rev. Sci. Instrum. 88, 033110 (2017)

The cryogenic storage ring CSR

Electrostatic cryogenic storage ring for atomic, molecular and cluster ions



First cryogenic
beam time: 2015

R. von Hahn et al.,
Rev. Sci. Instrum. 87, 063115 (2016)

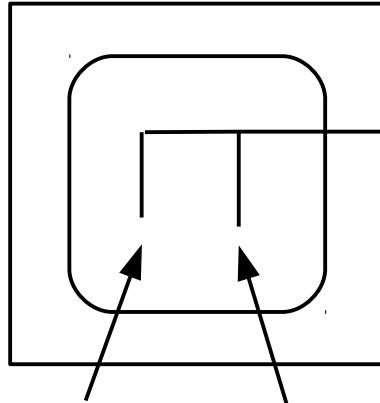


Cryogenic storage ring CSR



View of CSR before first complete cool-down, spring 2015

**Ion platform
 ± 300 kV**



**Location for:
electrospray
mass filter
buffer gas
pre-traps**



CSR laboratory

MPI für Kernphysik, Heidelberg

**Second
ion source
 ± 60 kV**

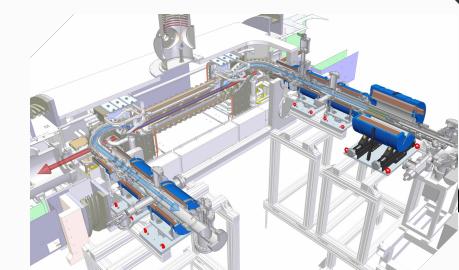
**H. Kreckel
ASTROLAB
project**

**Merged neutral atom
beam**

Cryostat



**2 K to 10 K
inner beam vacuum**



**Photocathode
electron
beam**

**2 K
refrigerator**

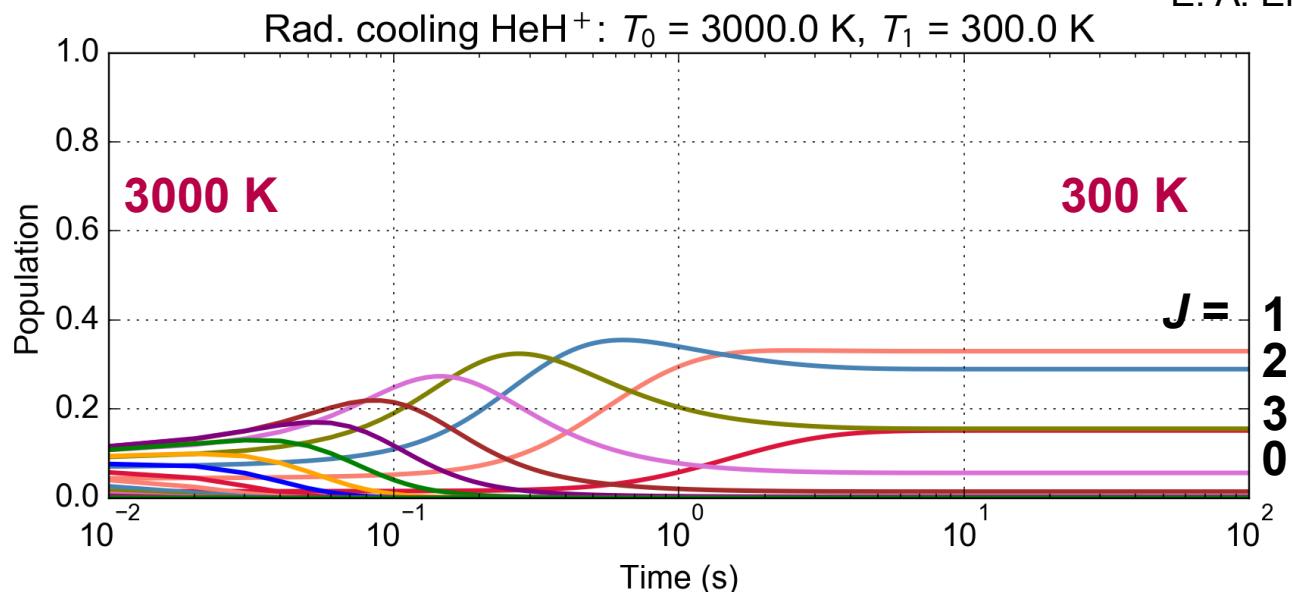
**Neutral fragment
detectors**

5 m



HeH^+ rotational levels – radiative relaxation

Radiative cooling model



Theoretical HeH^+ line list:

E. A. Engel, N. Doss, G. J. Harris, and J. Tennyson,
Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc. 357, 471 (2005)

Room-temperature
ion storage rings

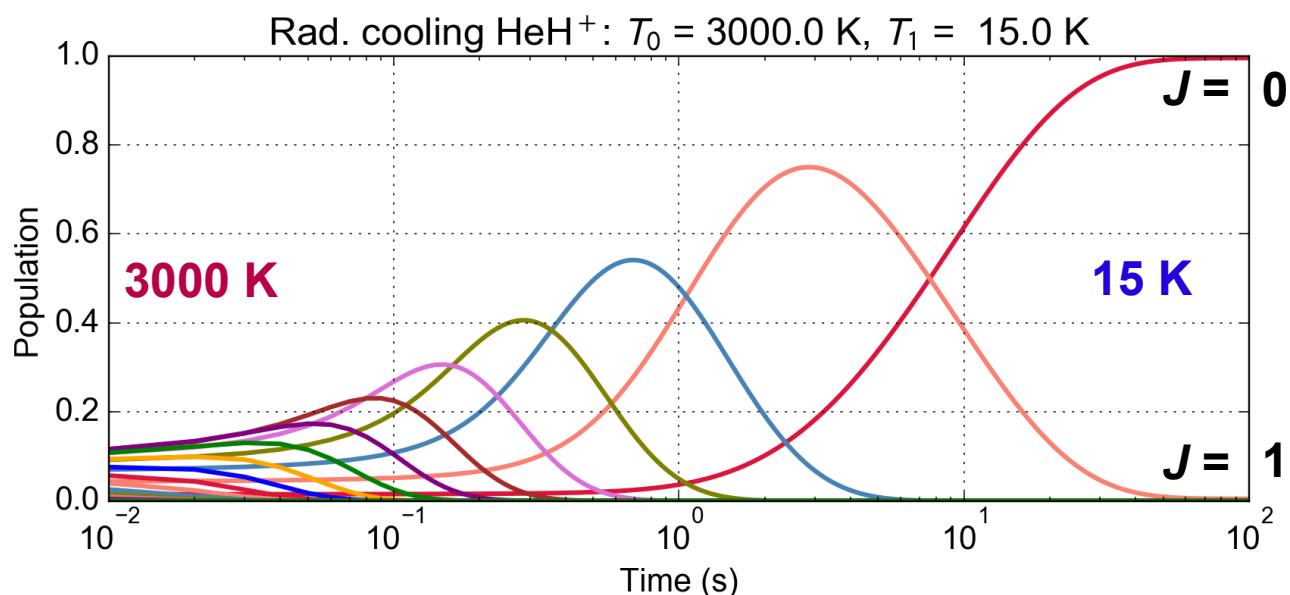
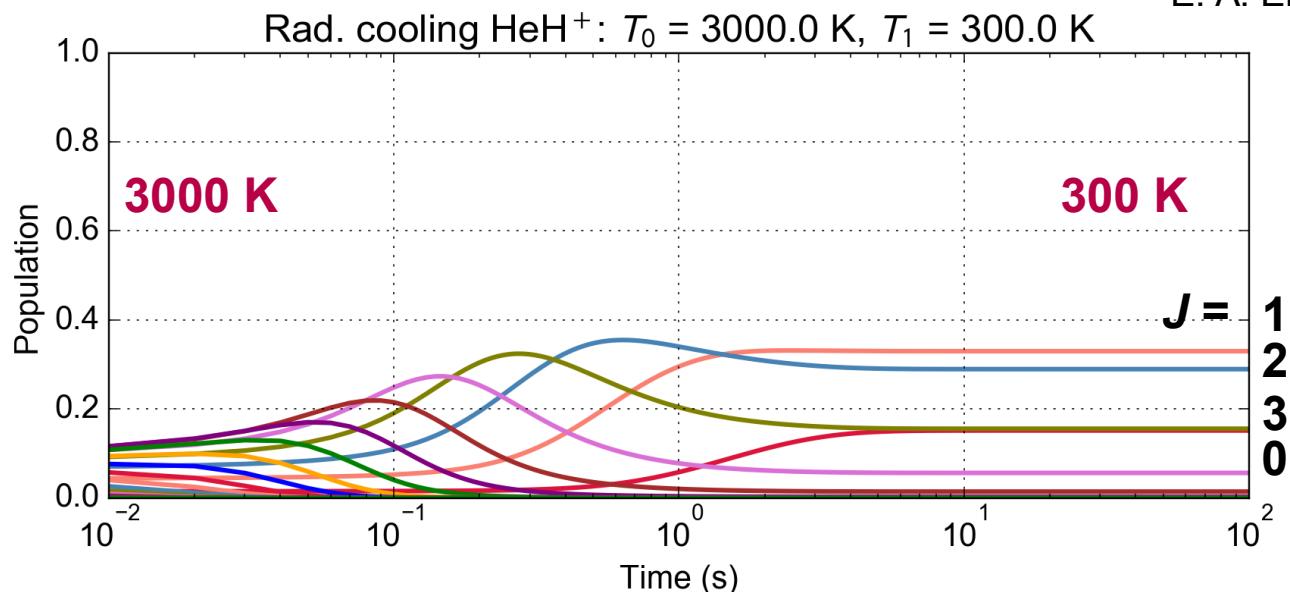
T_{rot} \downarrow 300 K

| J | |
|-----|-------|
| 0 | 0.151 |
| 1 | 0.330 |
| 2 | 0.284 |
| 3 | 0.156 |
| 4 | 0.056 |



HeH^+ rotational levels – radiative relaxation

Radiative cooling model



Theoretical HeH^+ line list:

E. A. Engel, N. Doss, G. J. Harris, and J. Tennyson,
Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc. 357, 471 (2005)

Room-temperature ion storage rings

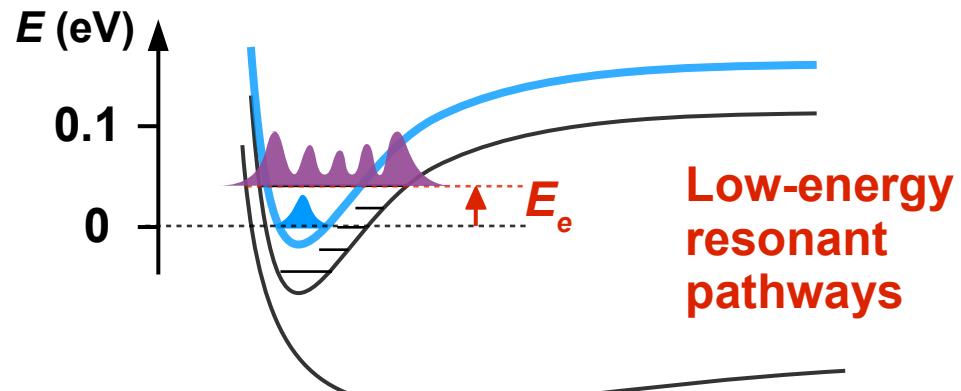
| J | T_{rot} | 300 K | 15 K |
|-----|------------------|-------|------|
| 0 | 0.151 | 0.995 | |
| 1 | 0.330 | 0.005 | |
| 2 | 0.284 | 0.0 | |
| 3 | 0.156 | 0.0 | |
| 4 | 0.056 | 0.0 | |

Cryogenic storage ring

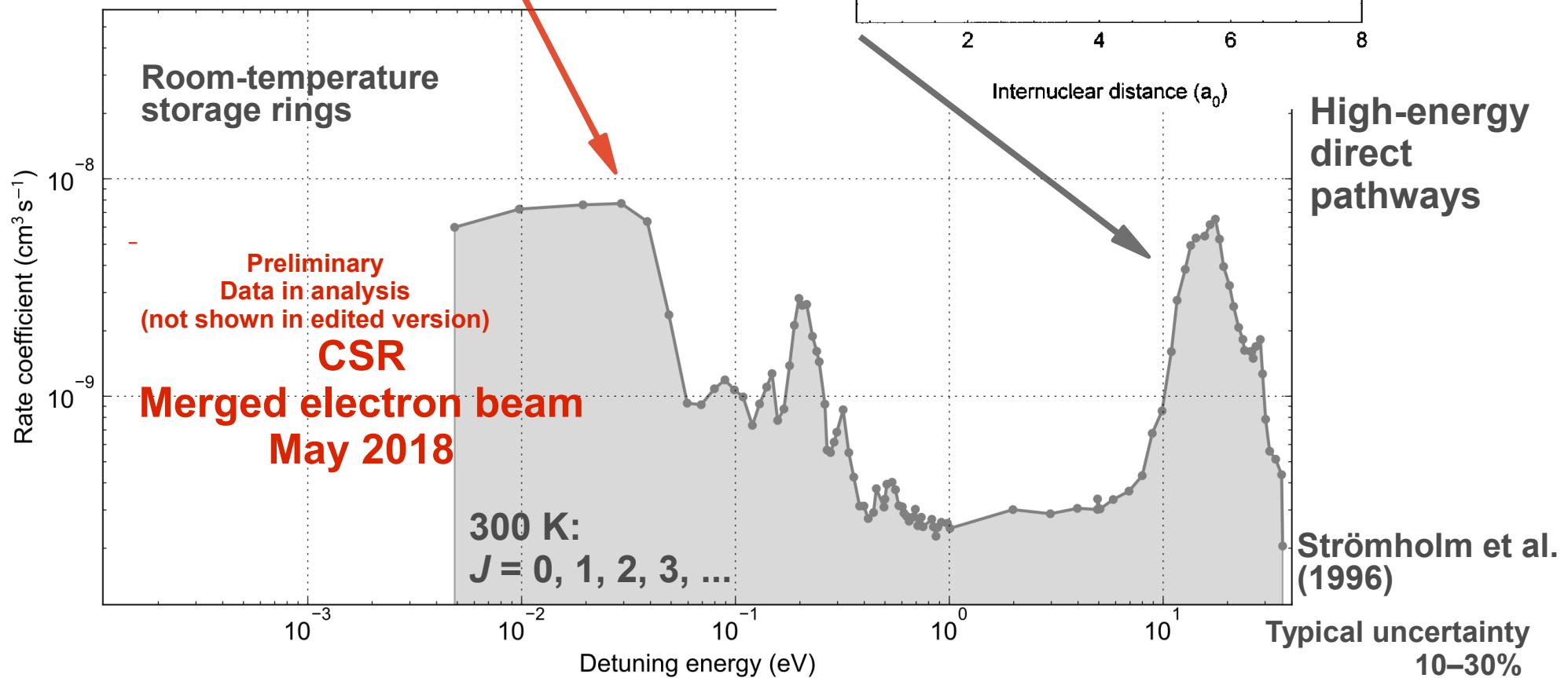
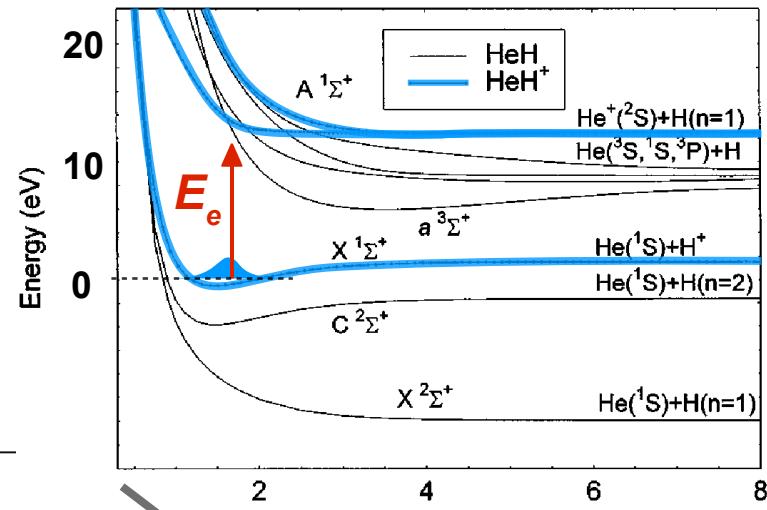
HeH^+ measurement
at CSR
May 2018



HeH⁺ dissociative recombination – energy-resolved

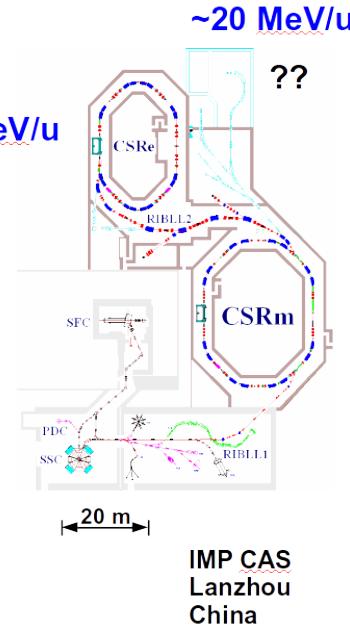
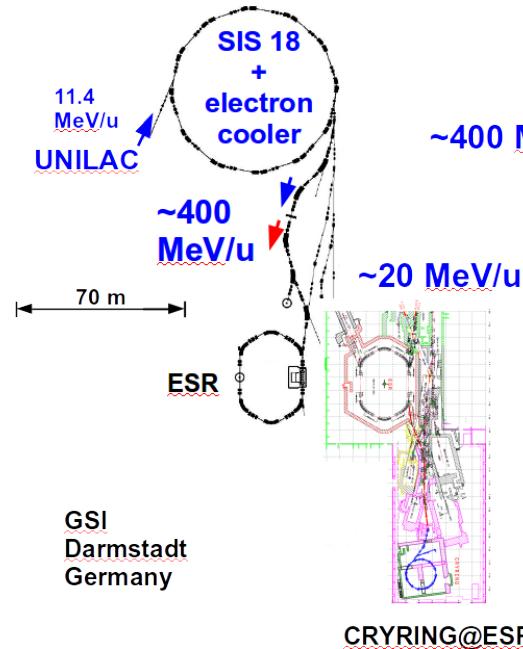


Low-energy resonant pathways

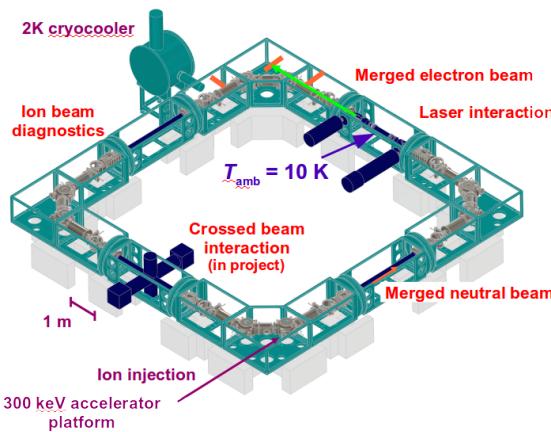


Electron-ion merged beams facilities

Experimental areas at large heavy-ion accelerators

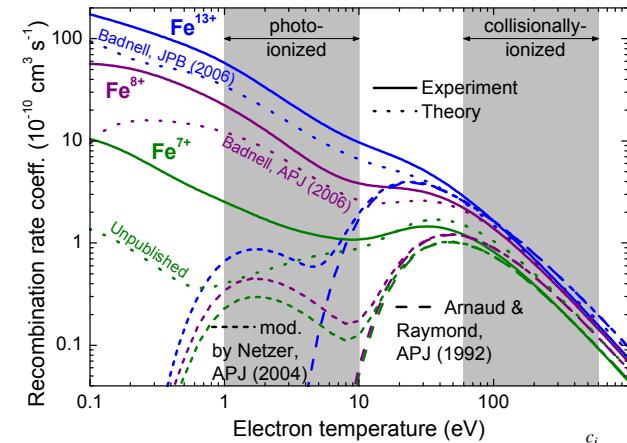


Low-energy cryogenic storage ring CSR (up to ~1 h ion-beam storage lifetime)



Summary

Dielectronic recombination: relaxed metastable states, complex open-shell ions



$$\alpha(T_e) = T_e^{-3/2} \sum_i c_i \times \exp\left(-\frac{E_i}{kT_e}\right)$$

| c_i | E_i |
|-------|-------|
| 0.254 | 0.12 |
| 0.580 | 0.28 |
| 3.74 | 3.47 |
| 5.17 | 1.43 |
| 14.3 | 12.42 |

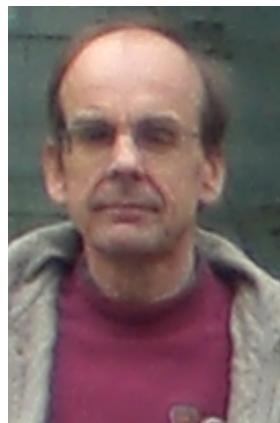
Dissociative recombination: rotationally cold molecular ions

Preliminary
Data in analysis
(not shown in edited version)

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