

Experimental Studies on Interactions of Atomic Ions with Single Electrons

see review: A. Müller, Adv. At. Mol. Phys. 55 (2008) 293

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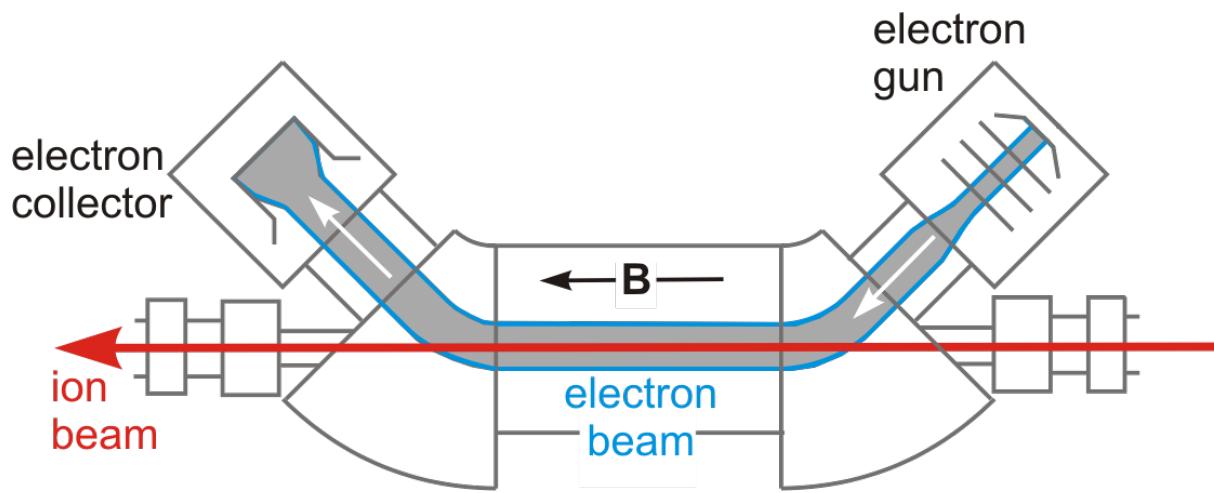
IAEA Technical Meeting on Uncertainty Assessment and Benchmark Experiments
for Atomic and Molecular Data for Fusion Applications

IAEA Headquarters, Vienna, December 19 – 21, 2014

Interacting beams of electrons and ions

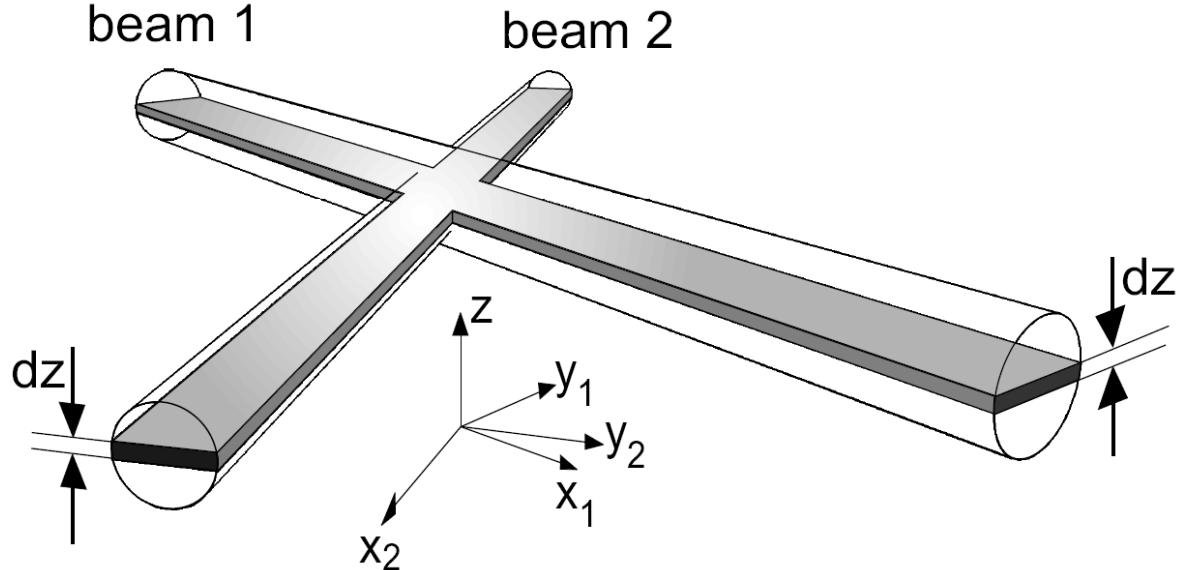
merged beams

see talk by
Andreas Wolf

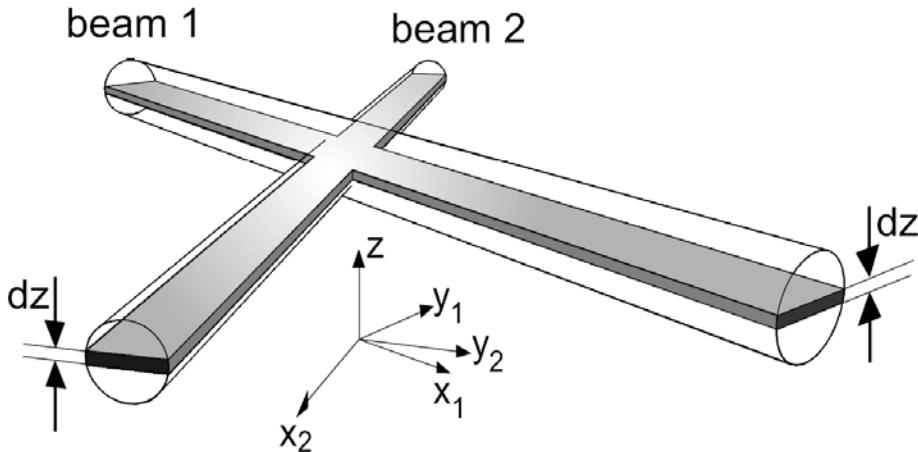


Both techniques can be used in ion storage rings

crossed beams



Cross sections from crossed-beams experiments



cross section $\sigma(E) = \frac{R q e^2 v_e v_i F}{I_e I_i |\vec{v}_i - \vec{v}_e| \epsilon}$

beam overlap $F = \int_z I_e(z) I_i(z) dz$

slices of beam 1 interact with corresponding slices of beam 2

probed by moving a narrow slit across both beams

or

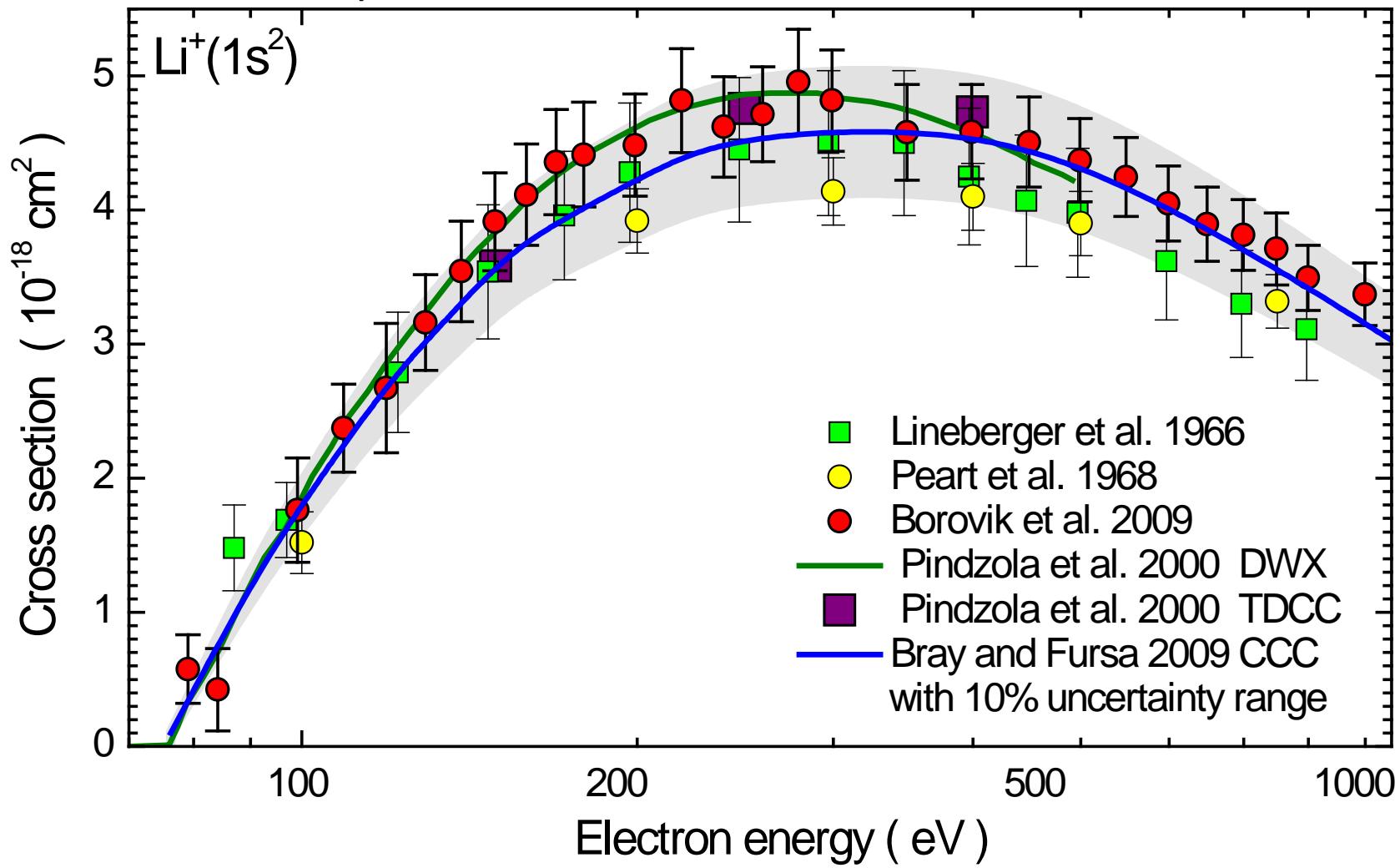
by moving one beam across the other (animated beams)

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| σ | cross section |
| R | signal count rate |
| q | ion charge state |
| e | elementary charge |
| v_e / v_i | electron / ion velocity |
| I_e / I_i | electron / ion current |
| ϵ | detection efficiency |

Systematic uncertainties typically $(8 \pm 2)\%$

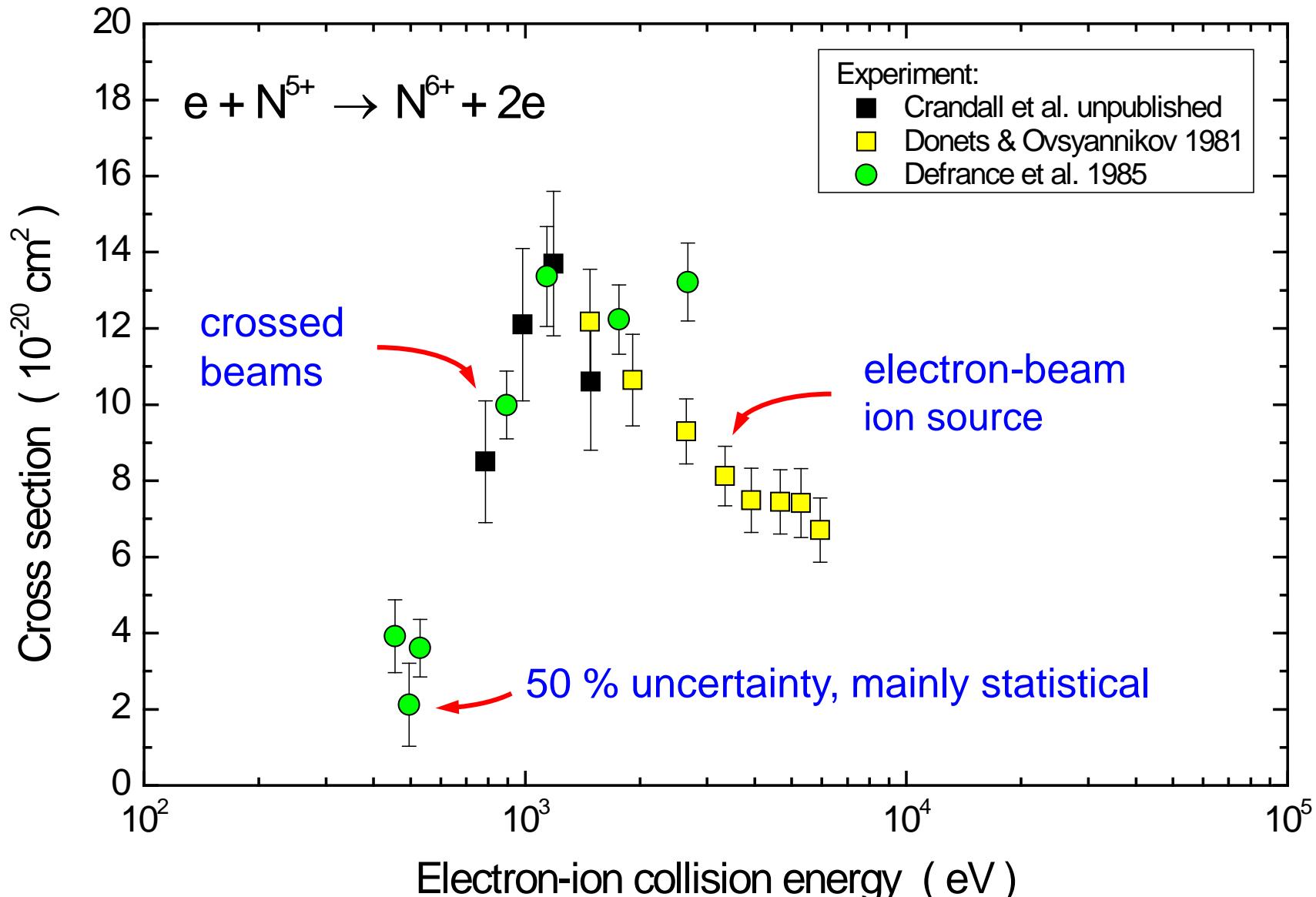
Cross sections for ionization of $\text{Li}^+(1s^2)$

experimental data were obtained with crossed beams



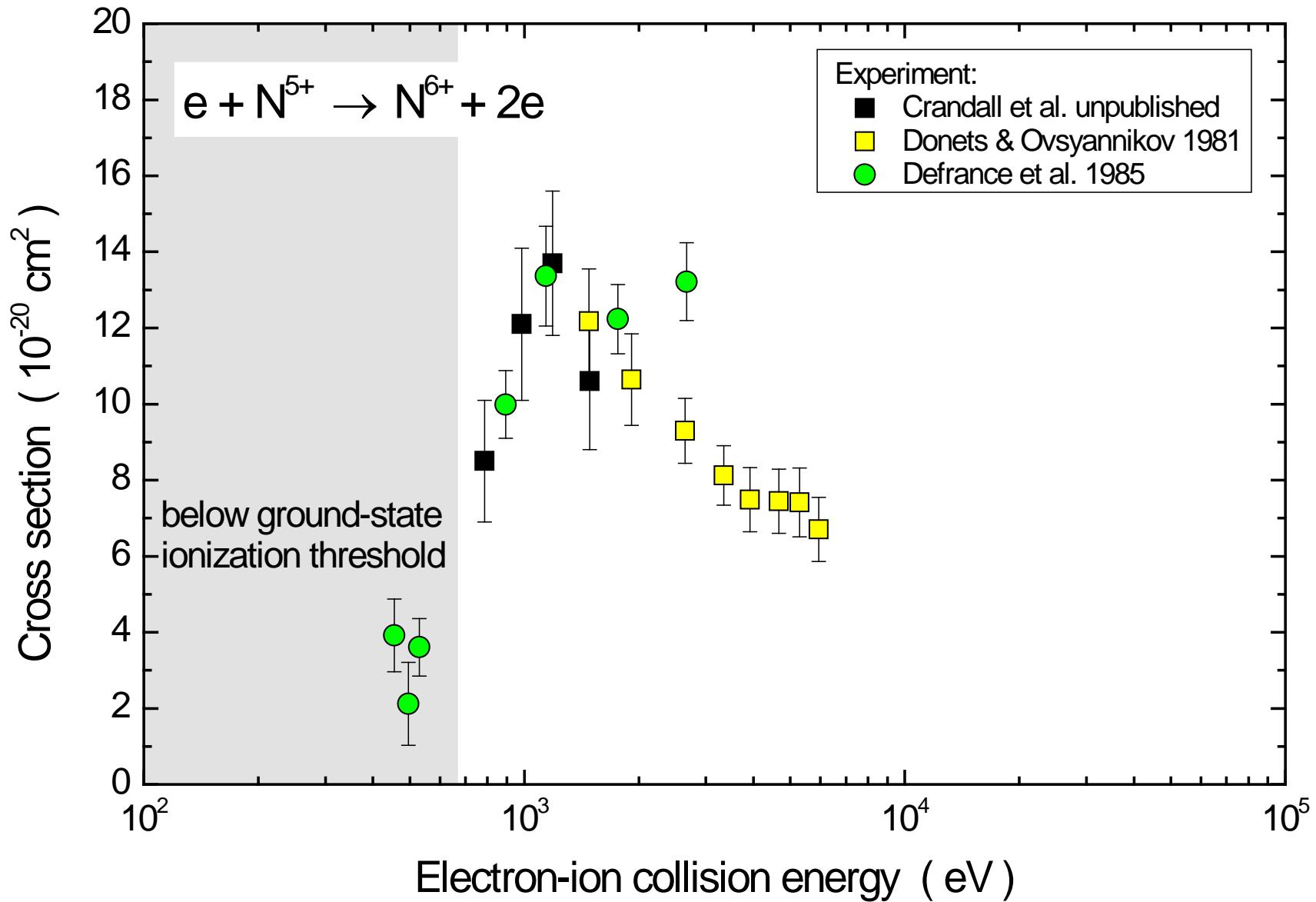
experimental data within 10% uncertainty range around CCC results

Statistical, systematical and model-related errors



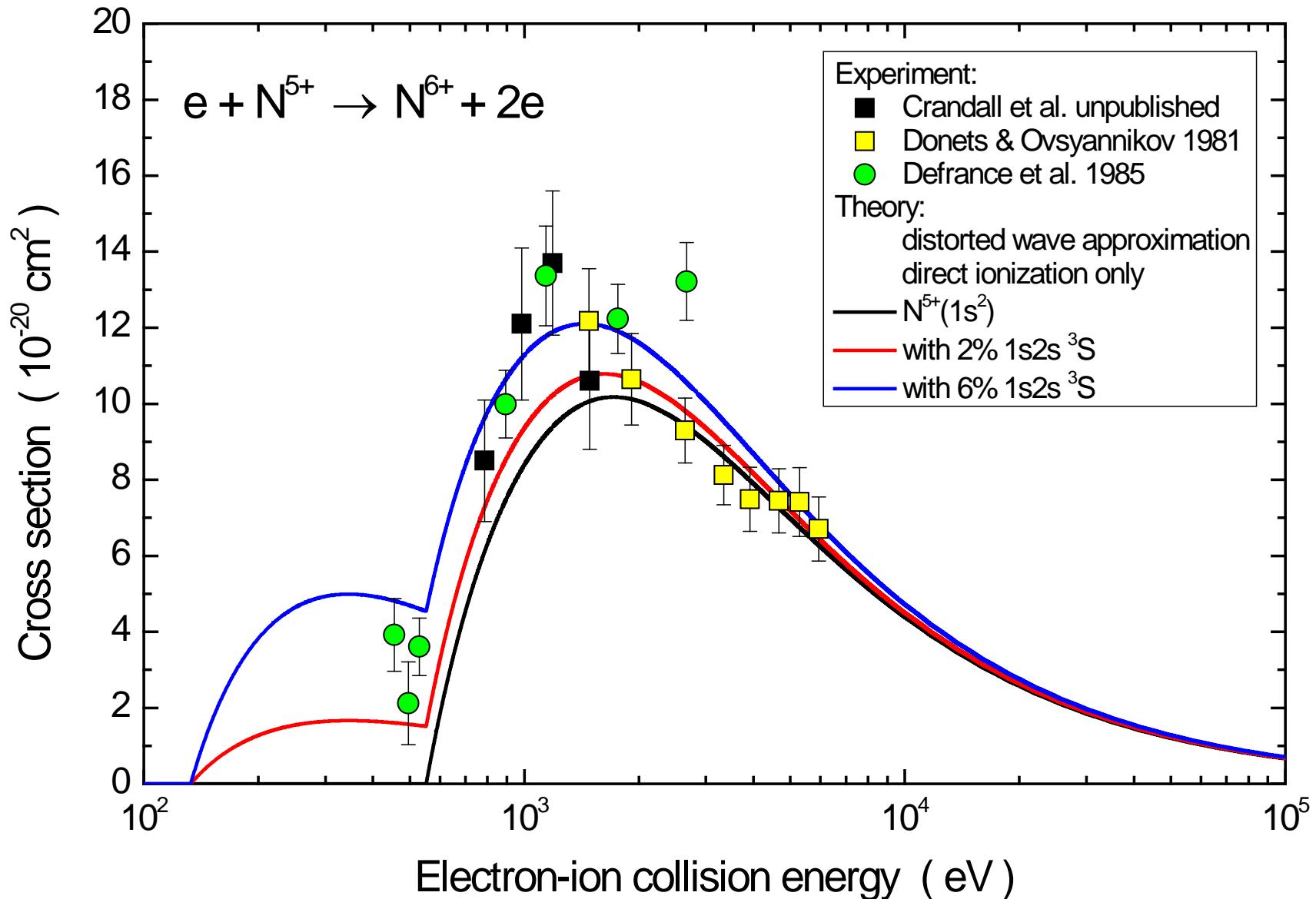
large uncertainties and discrepancies

Statistical and systematical uncertainties: N⁵⁺



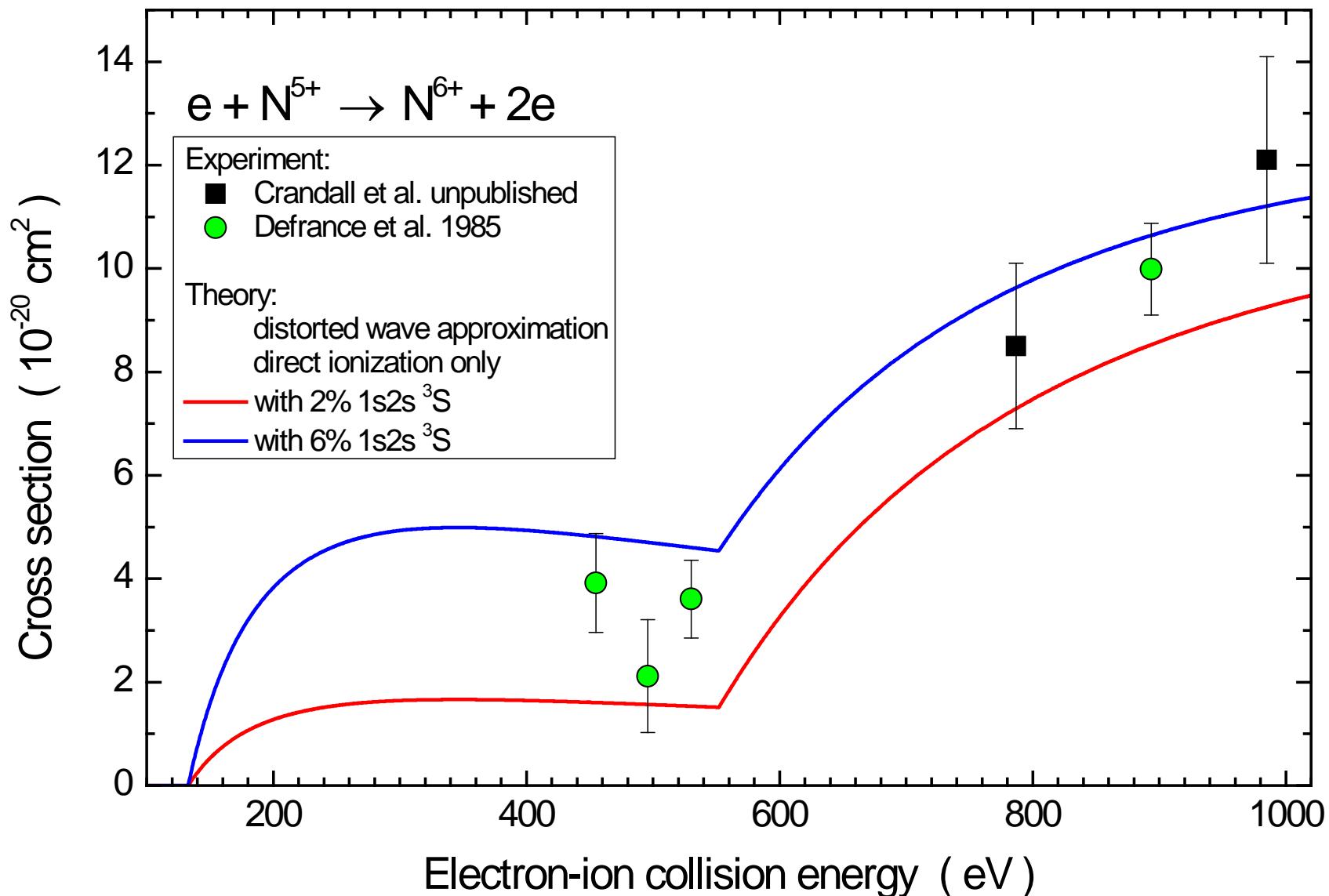
signal below the ground-state threshold: metastable excited states

Statistical and systematical uncertainties: N⁵⁺



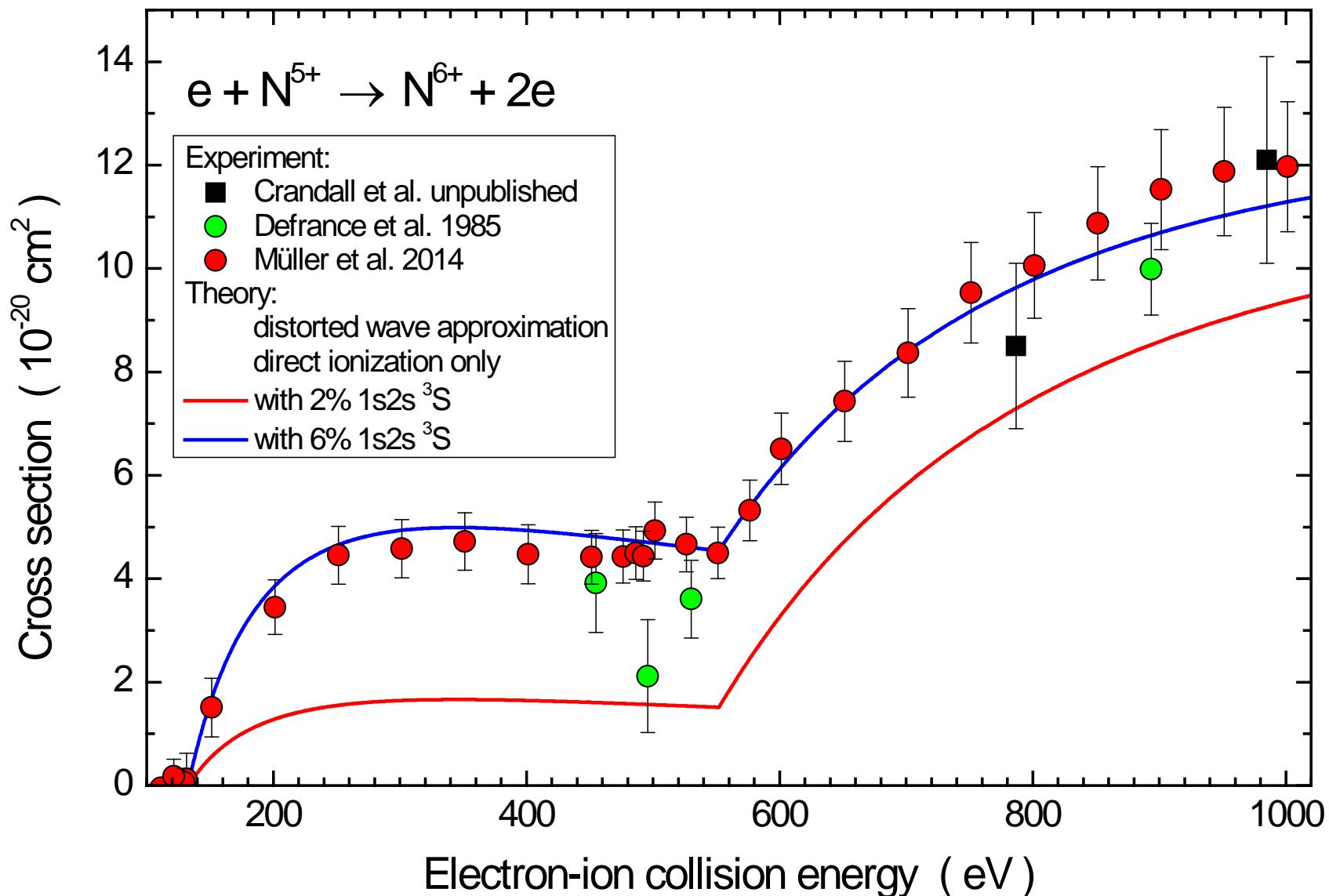
primary ion beam contained between 2 and 6% metastable ions

New data for electron-impact ionization of N⁵⁺ ions



primary ion beam contained between 2 and 6% metastable ions

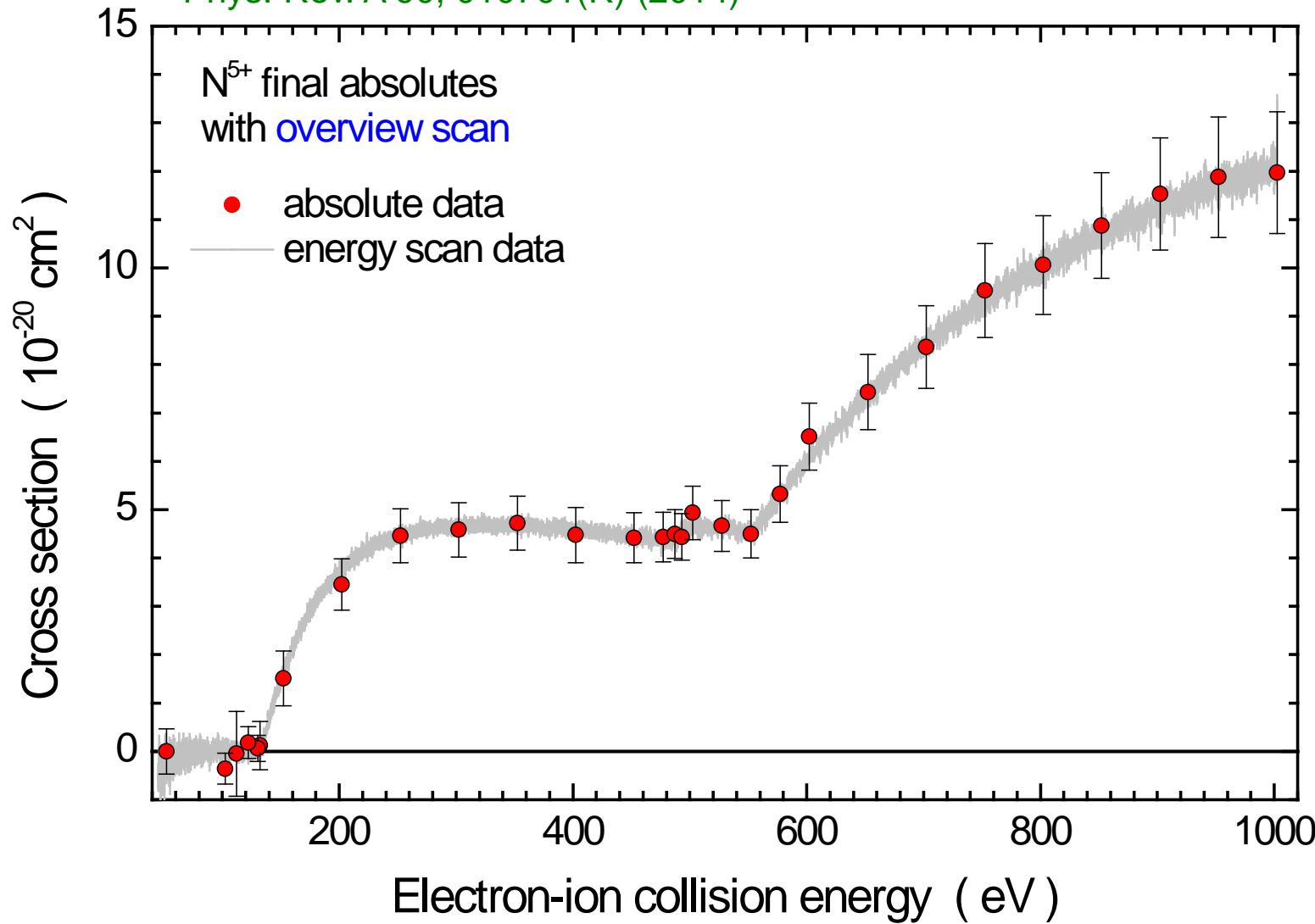
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Electron-impact ionization of N⁵⁺ ions

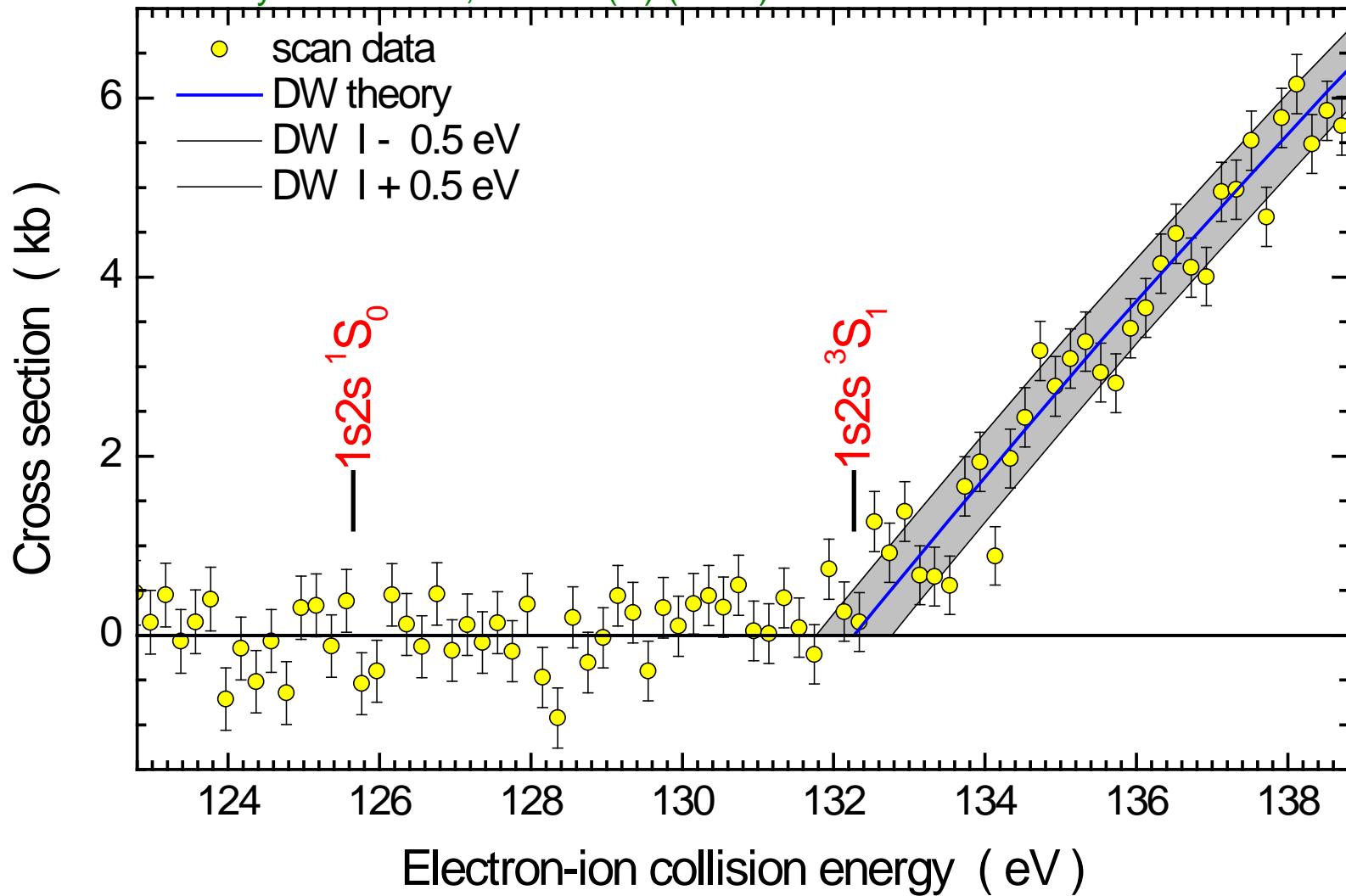
A. Müller, A. Borovik Jr., K. Huber, S. Schippers, D. V. Fursa, I. Bray,
Phys. Rev. A 90, 010701(R) (2014)



Combination of absolute measurements and fine-step energy scans

Scrutinizing the threshold energy region

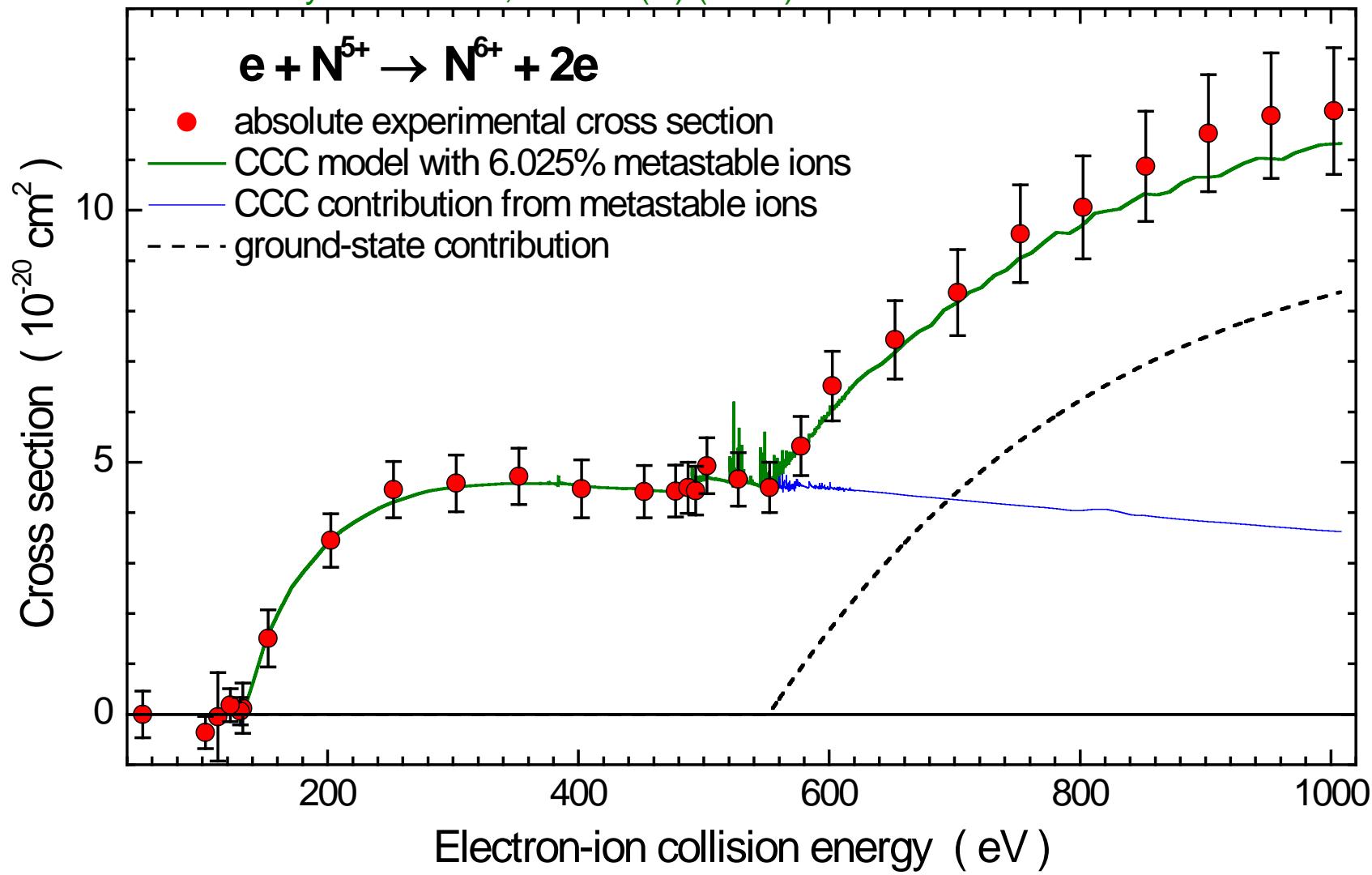
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Metastable state of ions in the projectile beam identified: $1s2s\ ^3S_1$

Modeling the metastable fraction by CCC theory

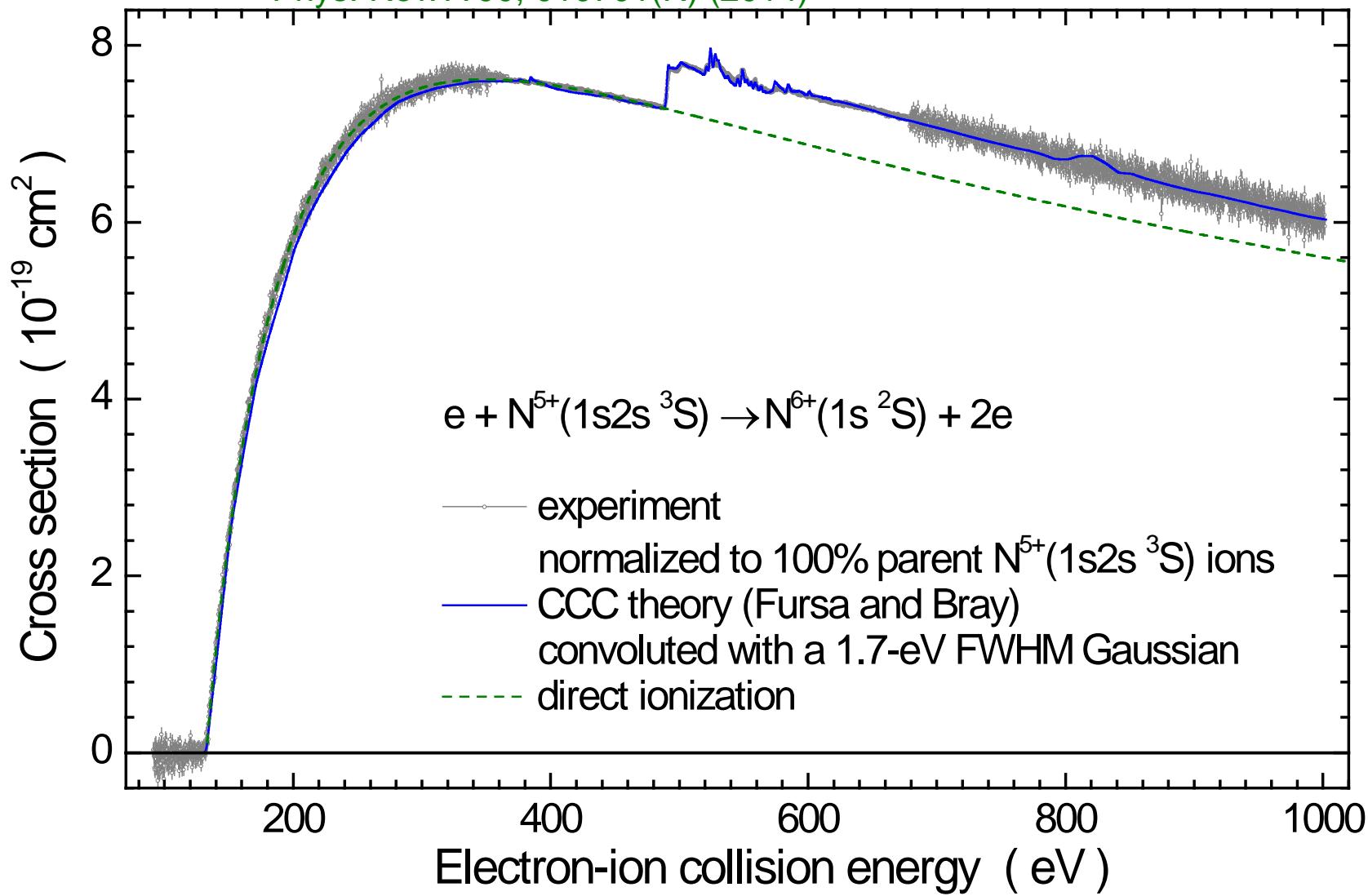
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The comparison suggests 6.025% metastable ions

Ionization cross section for N⁵⁺ (1s2s ³S₁)

A. Müller, A. Borovik Jr., K. Huber, S. Schippers, D. V. Fursa, I. Bray,
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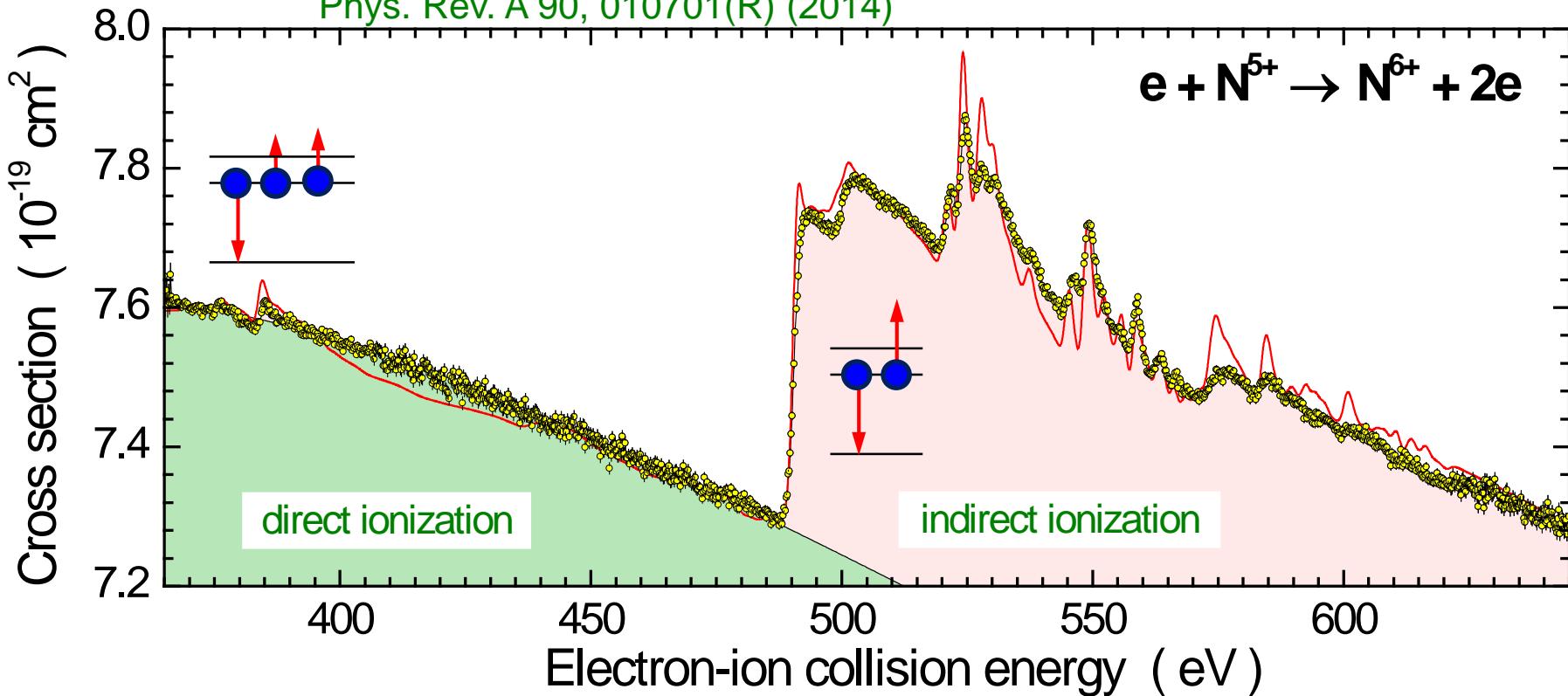


Assuming 6.025% metastable ions in the parent ion beam

Zooming in on the cross section for N^{5+} ($1s2s\ ^3S_1$)

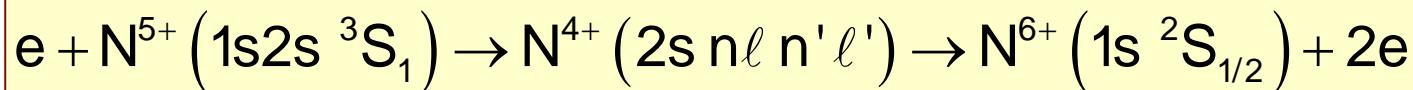
excitation-autoionization (EA) and
resonant excitation followed by two-electron emission

A. Müller, A. Borovik Jr., K. Huber, S. Schippers, D. V. Fursa, and I. Bray,
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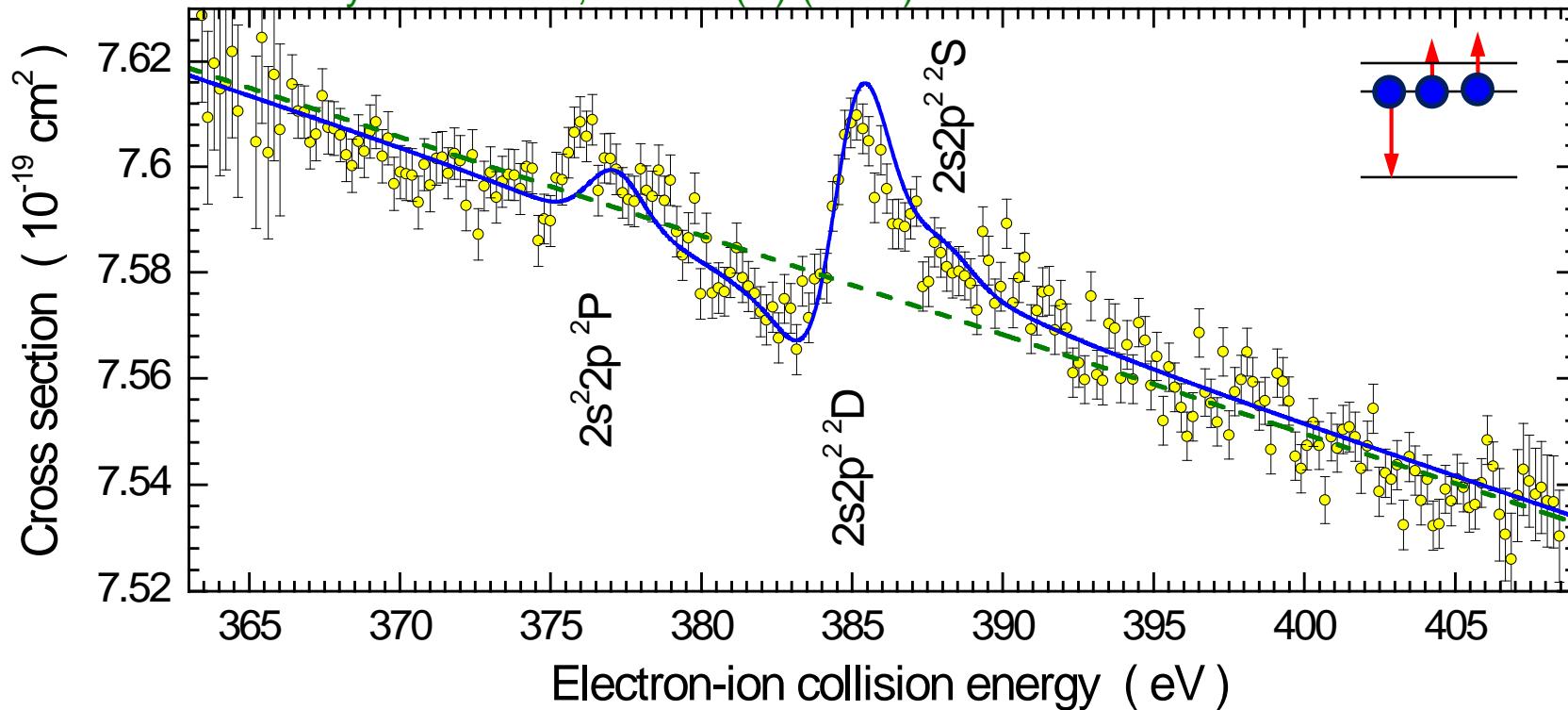


Production of double-K-vacancy states

Resonant-excitation-auto-double-ionization



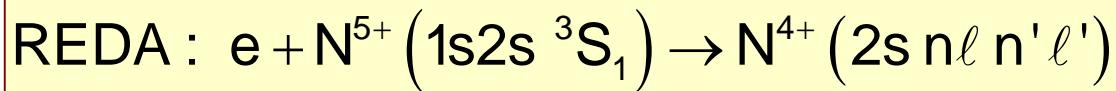
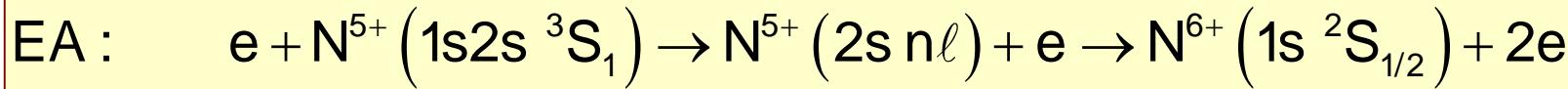
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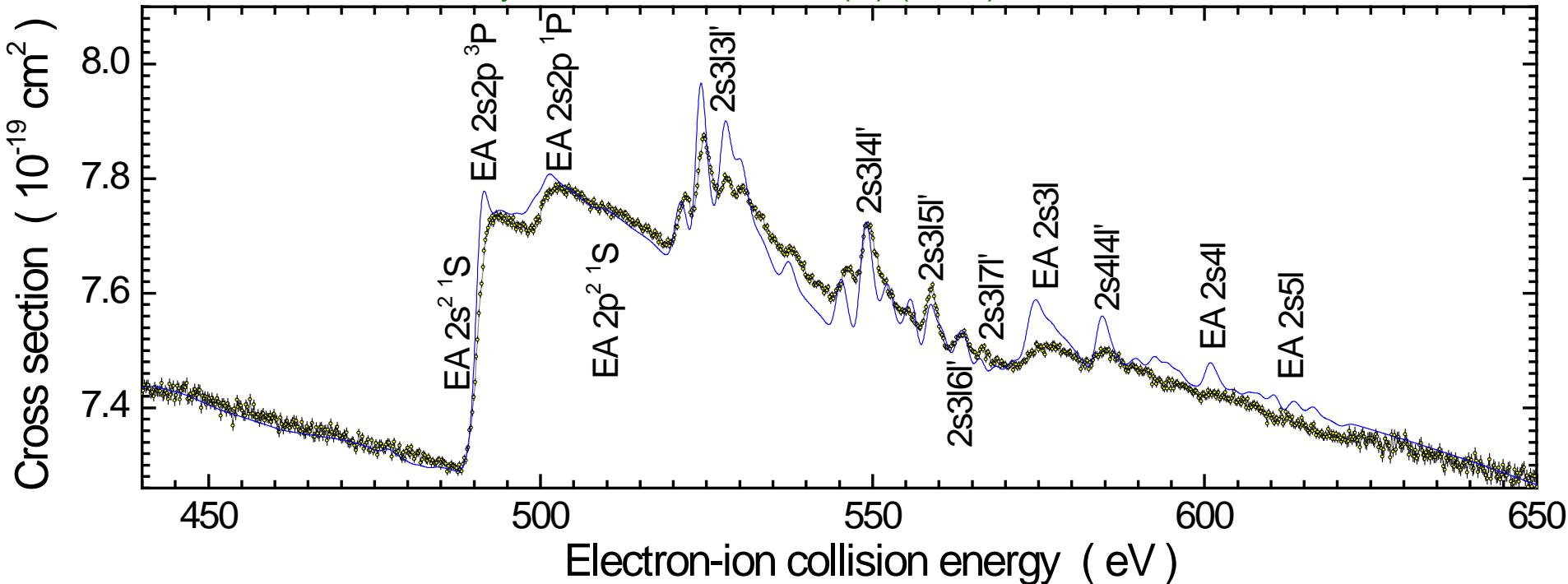
statistical uncertainties are at the 0.05% level

Interference of direct and resonant excitations

Zooming in on the cross section for N⁵⁺ (1s2s ³S₁)



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differences between theory and experiment are typically 0.2% and at most 1%

Summary

Crossed beams experiments

- Can provide data with about 10% systematic uncertainty
- Have provided high resolution data with 0.01% statistical uncertainty
- Provide possibilities for quantifying metastable beam components
- Allow for determination of cross sections for metastable levels of ions

**Thank you for
your attention!**