

## Cross Sections and Spectral Models for Charge Exchange Between Bare Ne and Atomic H and He at Solar Wind Velocities

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Charge exchange between highly charged ions and neutrals introduces a problematic background for every x-ray observation [1], including comets [2], supernovae remnants [3], and a plethora of other environments [4]. For H-like ions produced by charge exchange with bare ions, the  $\ell$  states within each  $n$  shell are degenerate. The majority of charge exchange spectral models rely on calculated  $n$ -resolved cross sections, and the unknown distribution of  $\ell$  states is assumed to follow one of several analytical expressions. With few laboratory measurements available for benchmarking at the relevant solar wind velocities (300 - 1000 km/s,  $\sim 0.5 - 5$  keV/amu), comparison to  $n\ell$ -resolved cross sections can be used to mitigate inaccuracies introduced by the use of analytical  $\ell$ -distributions. We report explicit calculations of  $n\ell$ -resolved CX cross sections using the time dependent close coupling method [5] for Ne<sup>10+</sup> incident on atomic H and He at 1 - 5 keV/amu. We incorporated the cross sections into a radiative cascade model and investigated the influence of  $n$ - and  $n\ell$ -resolved cross sections on important line ratios. Comparison of the  $\ell$ -distribution extracted from the new cross sections to the 4 available analytical distributions shows similarities to the statistical  $\ell$ -distribution for the majority of the possible ion-neutral-energy combinations considered. Similar agreements are observed in Lyman and Balmer line ratios for collisions involving atomic H, and disagreements for the Ne<sup>10+</sup>-He collision system are discussed. Possible line ratio diagnostics are explored, and data needs related to molecular targets are identified.

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