

Electron induced processes in molecules and molecular ions relevant in industrial, fusion and astrophysical plasmas

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Collision induced processes such as electronic excitation and dissociation of major diatomic molecular ions, occurring in industrial, fusion and astrophysical plasmas, are studied in the framework of the R-matrix method. The ions chosen and the processes are of great interest in the relevant areas.

The R-matrix method has now become a standard state-of-the-art method for electron-molecule collision calculations, and has been reviewed comprehensively by Tennyson [1]. Here we highlight some of our recent works on electron collision with BF^+ , BeH^+ and CH^+ ions.

BF/BF⁺: We calculated [2] the electronic excitation cross sections from the BF^+ ground $\text{X}^2\Sigma^+$ state to the four low lying excited states, namely the $\text{A}^2\Pi$, $\text{a}^4\Sigma^+$, $\text{C}^2\Sigma^+$ and $\text{D}^2\Delta$ states. We also estimated the electron impact dissociation cross section for the ion and cross sections for rotational excitation of BF^+ from the $j = 0$ rotational state to the states with $j = 1, 2, 3$ at its equilibrium bond length. The BF neutral and BF^+ potential energy curves (PEC) have been subsequently used for calculation of dissociative recombination of the BF^+ ion by Mezei *et al* [3]. More work is being undertaken on electron collision with BF and estimation of dissociative electron attachment (DEA) cross sections [4].

BeH/BeH⁺: Electronic excitation from the $\text{X}^1\Sigma^+$ ground state of BeH^+ to its $\text{a}^3\Sigma^+$, $\text{A}^1\Sigma^+$, $\text{b}^3\Pi$ and $\text{B}^1\Pi$ excited states and the rotational excitation cross sections from $j = 0$ rotational state to the states with $j = 1, 2, 3$ at its equilibrium bond length have been obtained [5]. The BeH^+ and BeH neutral curves have been used for calculation of dissociative recombination, dissociative excitation and vibrational excitation of the BeH^+ ion by Laporta *et al* [6].

CH/CH⁺: These species are relevant both in fusion plasmas and in astrophysical plasmas. We have obtained the PECs of the low lying states of CH^+ and have calculated vibrationally resolved electronic excitation cross sections from its $\text{X}^1\Sigma^+$ ground state to the $\text{A}^3\Pi$, $\text{a}^1\Pi$ and $\text{b}^3\Sigma^-$ excited states. We have also calculated the electron impact dissociation cross section of CH^+ at its equilibrium bond length and obtained reasonably good agreement with experiments between 10 – 18 eV [7].

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[2] K. Chakrabarti, J. Tennyson, *J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Opt. Phys.* **42**, 105204 (2009).

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[4] D. Gupta, K. Chakrabarti, *et al* (in preparation).

[5] K. Chakrabarti, J. Tennyson, *Euro. Phys. J. D* **66:31**, 1 (2012).

[6] V. Laporta, K. Chakrabarti, *et al* *Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion* **59**, 045008 (2017).

[7] K. Chakrabarti, *et al* *J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Opt. Phys.* **50**, 175202 (2017).